The Pittsburgh Daily Commercial.

VOL. I.—NO. 58. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 12, 1863. PRICE THREE CENTS.

The Daily Commercial.

THE PAST.

Mighty tomb of dying years,
The present is thy door,
Whose bars, made rusty with our tears,
Give up their charge no more.

Who can explore Time's vast extreme,
But dimly epitaphed
In doubtful scrolls, whose darkened theme
Dupes learning's studied craft?

While thought flits o'er that great expanse,
With cherished memories fed,
Our visions for a time entrance
The living with the dead.

The hopeful Future with its load
Speeds on but to be classed
As atoms in light's birth abode,
The region of the Past.

The Russian Ball in New York.

The great ball which took place on the evening of the 5th, at the New York Academy, in honor of the Russian fleet officers, is described as a magnificent affair, attended by over two thousand persons. The *Tribune* describes the most interesting features of the occasion as follows:

THE TOILETTES.

A lady as she rises from her rosy slumbers is no more the being that whirls in the gas-light waltz or bounds in the exhilarating gallop in all the wonder of a toilette unimpeachable as the style of 1863, than is a bird in the prairie wilds the same that tickles the palate of a gastronome after Delmonico's genius has exhausted itself in its inside dressing and its outside garnishing, and the subtle flavor of some wondrous *sauce piquante*. Woman, since she first smiled in Eden, a wonder and a charm, is nowhere more to be marvelled at than when regarded as a being who *dresses*.

Flora McFlimsey's race is daily added unto. Our women have one fault at present—they dress too much, neglect individuality, and only seem to study how they may increase the cost of a custome, destroy its character, and make it only a wonder, and not a charm. When the face appears insignificant in contrast to the finery, it is high time the rival should be deposed.

The Russian ball was a marvel of la mode; no human pen could begin to trace the manifestations of her madness; no brain so strong as not to whirl in the remembrance of the mazes of attire, the redundance of puffings and frillings and flutings, of ruchings and plaitings and gaufferings, of tulle and tarletane and *cresse ticee*, satin, silk, moire, velvets, brocade taffetas, and glace. "Motley's the only wear" for gaslight gatherings, and whose shall be the oddest juxtaposition of material the only rivalry. It is almost invidious to select any from the kaleidoscopic splendor and confusion of the ever-shifting, waving crowd, but some few toilettes remain photographed upon this mental plate.

One of the most striking costumes of the evening was worn by the handsome lady of one of our citizens, consisting of a black dress of a cloud-like texture, whose double skirts were embroidered in gold, and edged with heavy gold fringe; the garniture accompanying it was poppies and golden wheat sheafs.

Another interesting effect was produced by a dress of tulle; in its hem was run a broad cherry-colored ribbon, and this was headed by a wilderness of tulle puffings; a *sous tunique* of cherry-hued silk fell low behind, and was caught up in front; at the sides were fanchons decorated with wide blonde lace, which also edged the silk skirt. The head-dress was composed of cherry ribbons, and a white rose placed star-like and military high over the forehead jewels of costly brilliants.

A native moire antique was worn by a well-knewn lady of our city, furnished with superb volants of point lace, and coiffure of point lace and full blown roses.

A heavy silk dress of a shade between fawn and *cuir* colors had the plain long skirt trimmed with a wide flounce of elegant white point applique lace, reaching above the knee, headed by velvet of a light golden hue, applied in vandyked points overlapping the lace, this turning up one side, gradually narrowed to the waist; the berthe *en suite*, all finished with bouquets of white and pink roses.

In statuesque simplicity stood a lady robed in a black velvet dress, severe in studied plainness, a white *point de bluise* cape defined the shoulders, while her hair, sweeping back from a broad brow, was held by a simple pearl comb. Her appearance was like the touch of a cool hand upon a fevered brow.

Also a white dress, the skirt defined by fluted ruffles, headed by black Chantilly lace insertions, with sash to match, and modest head-gear, escaped the censure of too great profusion.

As a contrast, was noticed a heavy white silk, the skirt of which to the depth of a half yard was hidden by free puffs of azuline blue silk. This was overtopped by a couple of wide flounces of black lace with airy headings, the bodice a misty creation of white, black and blue—while the brain covering of the lady who bore the mixture was adorned with a long white ostritch feather, and a profusion of lace, roses, jewels, and falling masses of hair.

Some elegant dresses were made of rich velvets of manve, garnet, blue, and black velvets, mostly joined with costly laces. A few brilliant scarlet dresses lent brilliancy to the radiant scene; one made with a square bodice a la Maintenon was both Russian and military in its style, with high under bodice and tight sleeves.

As for jewels and flowers, had the girl in the fairy tale, whose lips dropped them at every charmed word, delivered a four days' speech, they could not have shown upon the dazzled sight in greater profuseness. At this late or early hour the whole phantasmagoria floats like the tangled web of a midsummer night's dream, and so, like Macbeth, let one and all "to bed, to bed!"

Parental Negligence.

The following brief picture of parental negligence shows in painful eloquence the manner in which small boys are trained for the penitentiary and the gallows. A small boy, with matted hair, dirty face and hands, uniaced boots, out at the toes, a coarse coffee-bag-looking coat, a pair of pants of looped and windowed raggedness, was arraigned at the Central Station on the charge of stealing brass castings or journals from the depot of the Philadelphia and West Chester Railroad Company.

Mr. Henry Wood, the Superintendent of the road, testified that sundry brass journals had been stolen from the depot; they were found at a shop on Market street, near Eighteenth; they had been sold there by the accused juvenile at the rate of ten cents per pound, far below the real value in weight; their recovery led to the arrest of the young thief. These were the principal points in the evidence.

The magistrate called the youngster to him, when the following dialogue ensued:

"What did you do with the money you obtained for the brass journals?" said the alderman.

The boy hesitated, held his down, and finally replied, "I didn't get much."

"How much?"

"Only twenty-five cents."

"What did you do with the money?"

"I went to the opera."

"Did you pay it all to get in?"

"Yes, sir."

"Come, come," said the magistrate; "they don't charge boys full price."

"Yes, sir, they did; I paid a quarter."

"Where did you go to see the opera?"

"At Fox's Casenah!"

"Sure you paid a quarter?"

"Yes, sir."

"How often did you go there?"

"Two or three times."

"When were you home last?"

"On Tuesday night."

"Where do you stay at nights when you are not at home?"

"I sleep in the cars on Broad street."

"When did you wash your hands?"

The boy could not answer this question; the tears started, and ploughing their way through the dirt on his cheeks, fell upon his hands, which he wiped on his coat sleeves, thus revealing a white skin.

The father and mother of the lad were present. The first was called to the stand, and was a recipient of a sound lecture from the alderman, who emphatically told him that he was not fit to be the father. The offending juvenile was then sent to the House of Refuge.—*Philadelphia Press.*

DURING the flight of Professor King's balloon from Bangor, Me., it passed over the clearing of a settler who does not take the newspapers. A flock of children around the door spied the monster booming on, and alarmed the mother, who, rushing to the door, screamed out, "Come in children; it's one of Jeff Davis' bombshells." This is a fact, the Calais *Herald* says.

Main Force of the Rebels at Gordonsville

Meade Encamped Waiting for Supplies.

AQUIA CREEK OUR NEXT BASE.

Reconnoissance of Buford's Cavalry.

Rebels Driven Within a Mile of Culpepper

OCCUPATION OF CULPEPPER.

&c. &c., &c., &c.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 11, 1863.

From the Army of the Potomoc.

General information to-day shows that the main force of the rebels was at Gordonsville on yesterday and Monday, and makink two-forty time for Richmond. Meade is encamped at ——awaiting supplies. The reparation of the railroad to Culpepper is abandoned, and Acquia creek will be our next base of supplies.

Muskets Found.

Seventeen hundred muskets have been gathered as fragments of the recent fight, most of them bearing the tower stamp of 1861, and all of them in a serviceable condition.

Lee in Command of Bragg's Army.

A Union scout, just from Richmond and other parts South, reports that Lee is in command of Bragg's army, and that Bragg, though nominally chief, is Lee's subordinate.

Virginia to be Abandoned.

He says it was decided a few days since, at a rebel Cabinet session, to abandon Virginia on the first intimation of an intention by Meade to advance upon Richmond.

Official Despatches from Gen. Kelly.

Official despatches, recounting the late victory of Gens. Averill and Duffie at Lewisburg, Western Virginia, have been received from Brigadier General Kelly.

Thanksgiving Day Appointed.

Gov. Seymour, of New York, has appointed the 26th instant to be observed as a day of thanksgiving and prayer.

Advantages Gained at Chattanooga.

Official dispatches from Washington state that great advantages have recently been gained by our forces about Chattanooga.

The news from other quarters is quiet.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—A special to the *Times* says the main force of the rebels were at Gordonsville, making 2:40 time to Richmond.

Meade is encamped to wait for supplies. The reparation of the railroad to Culpepper has been abandoned, and Aquia Creek will be our next base of supplies.

One thousand seven hundred muskets were gathered as fragments of the recent fight, most of them bearing the Tower stamp, 1861, and all in serviceable condition. The two pieces of cannon captured were 10-pound Parrotts. We also captured two 12-pound Napoleons, with caissons and limbers, all complete.

A Union scout just from Richmond and other parts South reports Lee actually in command of Bragg's army, and Bragg, though nominally superior, is Lee's subordinate. He says it was decided a few days since, at a rebel Cabinet session to abandon Chattanooga on the first intimation of an intention of Gen. Meade to advance upon Richmond.

Fifty-eight more prisoners were brought up to-day. All the prisoners will soon be transmitted to Johnson's Island, Lake Erie. This would indicate the resumption of exchange as far off as ever.

A special to the *World* says: There has been fresh disposition of our forces for strategical purposes, but otherwise everything is quiet. There is very little skirmishing with the rebels south of Culpepper, and according to all accounts it is by no means certain that all the rebel army is across the Rapidan, as reported.

Gen. Buford made a reconnoissance yesterday towards Rixeyville, and came on a portion of the rebel Gen. Wilcox's division, and after a sharp skirmish compelled them to fall back. Darkness prevented pursuit. Our troops do not occupy Fredericksburg or Falmouth. Kilpatrick's cavalry only having visited them one day before our advance.

If the rebels maintain their position between Culpepper and the Rapidan, it is quite probable that a battle may yet be fought. This is Lee's chosen battle ground, according to his official report of our advance a few weeks since.

The impression is general in the army that all of his forces will yet cross the Rapidan, notwithstanding their partial halt on this side.

NEW YORK, November 10.—A special to the *Tribune* from Washington says: From Chattanooga we learn that an expedition of the 14th and 26th Wisconsin regiments, of Gen. Schurz's division, 11th corps, under Lieut. Col. Asmusson, went up the Branch railroad from Shellmound to Gordon's coal mines and recaptured a locomotive and two freight cars. The railroad on the south side of Tennessee is again opened as far as Running Waters, and transportation gained for supplies.

From the front we have the following, dated Headquarters, Army of the Potomac, Monday night:—Buford's cavalry division returned from its reconnoisance to Culpepper at noon to-day, having driven the enemy before them down to Sulphur Springs, within a mile of Culpepper. A portion of the enemy's infantry, with artillery, encountered last night, about sunset, near Culpepper, and in a skirmish which ensued, we sustained a loss of about twenty-five killed and wounded. But a small proportion was killed.

In the opinion of officers accompanying the reconnoissance, the main body of Lee's army will not be met this side of the Rapidan, although a portion of their troops occupied Culpepper.

Scouts from the front to-night report Kilpatrick as having thoroughly reconnoitered the country from the forks of the river to the north of Culpepper.

The report that he has surprised and captured 400 prisoners at Ely's Ford, lacks confirmation. The dispositions of our forces were carefully made with reference to the possibility of any attacks on our flanks or rear.

A violent snow squall occurred yesterday, and to-night the weather is quite cold. The roads are in good condition and the troops are in excellent spirits.

The *Herald* has the following:

HEADQUARTERS OF ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Nov. 10.—Yesterday, two squadrons of the 1st New York dragoons, under command of Capt. Jacob W. Knapp, attached to Buford's division, left the command at Mud run to reconnoiter the country in wake of the retreating rebels.

They proceeded to Culpepper and charged through the town, driving twice their number of rebels before them, and rested themselves and horses while they took 15 prisoners, and then returned with their trophies to Brandy Station.

We hold Culpepper to-day, and our lines extend to the Rapidan below. The Railroad will be repaired to Bealton to-night. The road will be repaired as fast as the army advances. All quiet in front to-day, the rebels having gone to the south side of the Rapidan.

BARK LOUSE.—This pest has diminished in many parts of the country, but in others still continues formidable. There is nothing that more effectually stunts a tree and destroys its vigor. In answer to frequent enquiries received for a remedy we copy the following from a contemporary, which we have no doubt is effectual:—Boil tobacco in a strong lye until it is reduced to an impalpable pulp, which it will be in a short time, and mix with it soft soap, (which has been made cold; not the jelly-like soft soap,) to make the mass about the consistence of thin paint, the object being to obtain a preparation that will not be entirely washed from the tree by the first rains which oscur, as lye, tobacco water, and most other washes are sure to be. The fibres of the tobacco diffused through this preparation cause a portion of its strength to remain wherever it is applied longer than any application which is wholly soluble in rain water can be. First trim the trees well, so that every twig can be reached with a paint brush, and apply this preparation, before the buds have much swelled in the spring, to every part of the tree. This will effectually remove the scales.—*Country Gentleman.*

THE Paris correspondent of the London *Times* says that the fall trade in the former city is unusually brisk this year. All descriptions of fancy articles, particularly ladies' dresses, are in full demand; and the preference is given to silks, stuffs, and cottons of French manufacture, rather than to those of foreign produce. The leather dressers and paper stainers find constant employment. The manufacturers of musical instruments are making great progress, and dealers in military stores find their orders increasing. One Paris gunmaker has received an order for 10,000 revolvers for exportation. The toy makers anticipate a large market for their articles; and the demand for jewelry, bronzes, clocks and watches, mirrors, surgical instruments, and refined sugar for exportation, is greater than it has been for some months.

PROTECTION FROM THE CUT WORM.—We have recently seen a mode for preventing the cut worm from destroying young recently-set cabbage plants, consisting of wrapping a piece of stiff paper around the stem when the plant is set out, so as to extend a little above and an inch or two below the surface. We have adopted this mode more than twenty years, although it is now recommended as new, and we can vouch for its entire efficiency. Thick writing paper appears to answer the purpose best, and old letters may be torn up and employed. Stiff wrapping paper and even burdock leaves have answered about as well, the object being merely to place a protection about the stem, where the cut worm usually assaults it.—*Country Gentleman.*

IRON, STEEL, &C.

LYON, SHORB & CO.

SLIGO IRON WORKS.

WAREHOUSE

NO. 121 WATER STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

se9

HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

CAST STEEL,

BEST REFINED TOOL STEEL,

Circular, Mill, Mulay and Cross-Cut Saw Plates, Reaper, File, Hoe, Rake & Fork Teel,

Machinery, plow, Sheet, Shear, R. R. Spring and Frog Steel.

OFFICE AND WORKS:

Cor. Harrison & Pike Sts., 5th Ward.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Warranted equal to the best English Steel. Orders may be left at No. 37 Fifth street. [se9

THE SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

CAST, SPRING, PLOW AND SAW STEEL,

Springs, Axles, Crowbars, Vices, &c.

WAREHOUSE:

83 WATER AND 100 FIRST STS.,

se9 PITTSBURGH, PA.

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILLS AND SMELTING WORKS.

PARK, M'CURDY & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

SHEATH, BRAZIERS and BOLT COPPER,

PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS,

SPELTER, SOLDER, &c. Also,

Importers and Dealers in

METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, FIRE, &c.

Constantly on hand—

TINMEN'S MACHINES and TOOLS.

Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST, and 120 SECOND Street, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. se7

PITTSBURGH AND BOSTON MINING COMPANY.

General Office of Business at Pittsburgh.

OFFICERS:

CURTIS G. HUSSEY, President,

THOS. M. HOWE, Sec'y and Treasurer.

MANAGERS:

CURTIS G. HUSSEY, Pittsburgh,

THOMAS M. HOWE, "

JAMES M. COOPER, "

HARVEY CHILDS, "

JOSEPH W. CLARK, Boston.

E. JENNINGS, Michigan.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,

Assistant Secretary and Treasurer.

The Mines of this Company are situated in Keweena county, on the Southern shore of Lake Superior, Michigan, and embrace the celebrated "Cliff Copper Mine."

JAS. WATSON is the resident agent and Superintendent of the Mines. Post office address, Clifton, Keweena county, Michigan.

The Company has, also, an office in Boston for the registration and transfer of its stock, payment of dividends, &c. J. W. Clark & Co., agents. se9

DAVID CHESS,.....R. W. WILSON,
R. F. SMYTH,.....R. J. ANDERSON,

CHESS, SMYTH & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

NAILS, TACKS,

BRADS, &c., &c.

WAREHOUSE:

NO. 112 WATER STREET,

se9 PITTSBURGH, PA.

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF BEST QUALITY

REFINED CAST STEEL,

Square, Flat and Octagon, all Sizes;

WARRANTED EQUAL TO ANY IMPORTED or Manufactured in this Country.

Office and Warehouse, Nos. 149, 151 FIRST and 120, 122 SECOND Streets, Pittsburgh.

se7

AMERICAN IRON WORKS.

WAREHOUSE:

Nos. 120 Water and 158 First str's,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

JONES & LAUGHLINS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Common and best refined, charcoal merchant BAR, PLATE AND SHEET IRON, NAILS AND SPIKES.

Also, manufacturers of

PATENT COLD ROLLED SHAFTING, PISTON RODS AND PLATES.

se23

MEDICAL.

CHAS. H. SUPER,

DRUGGIST & PLARMACEUTIST,

DEALER IN

Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery,

AND

FIRST CLASS TOILET ARTICLES,

CORNER PENN & ST. CLAIR STREETS,

se7 PITTSBURGH.

MEDICAL CARD.

F. X. DeROLETTE, M. D.

From the Medical Faculty of Paris, France, Ex Intern (Resident Physician) of

HOTEL DIEU, CHARITY HOSPITALS, &c.

DATE OF DIPLOMA, 1828.

The following specialities attended:

1st. Diseases of the respiratory organs, as Bronchitis, Asthma, &c.

2d. Diseases peculiar to Ladies, result of debility, nervousness, neuralgia and sick headache, (hemierania) attended with complete success, &c.

3d. Diseases peculiar to old and young men.

OFFICE 51 GRANT ST., St. Nicholas Building. se7

FULTON'S

VEGETABLE COUGH SYRUP,

FOR THE CURE OF

COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP,

Difficulty of breathing, Phthisic, Bronchitis, Cartarrhal affection, spitting of blood, whooping cough, pains in the breast, consumption, asthma, and all the diseases of the chest and lungs.

Prepared and sold by

J. M. FULTON, Druggist,

67 and 69 FIFTH street, two doors below the Postoffice. se10:1y

SAW MILLS.

A. & D. L. PATTERSON,

MANCHESTER SAW MILLS,

Between Beaver street and Ohio river.

MANCHESTER, PA.

Orders for all kinds of Lumber for Building, Boat Siding, Deck Plank, Lath, Pallings, &c. se7

VINEGAR.

H. REDENBACH & SONS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Pure Cider Vinegar,

No. 150 Ohio street,

oc2:1y ALLEGHENY.

CHAMPAGNE.—50 cases and 50 baskets Green Seal and Heidsick Champagne. In store and for sale by

oc1 MILLER & RICKETSON.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Hats and Caps,

AT WHOLESALE,

Warranted Uniform in Quality.

JAMES P. TANNER,

NO. 56 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh, invites the attention of his customers, and merchants generally, to his very large assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS, BONNETS, &c., purchased direct from New England manufacturers, which, for extent, variety, and durability, freedom from all irregularity, and adaptation to the wants of all sections, is not surpassed in this or any other city. Prices shall be as low as those of Philadelphia or New York.

All are invited to an examination of this superior stock.

Orders entrusted to him shall command his prompt and particular attention, and be faithfully executed. se

S KEYS, Manufacturer of

Ladies, Misses and Children's FANCY SHOES,

No. 53 ST. CLAIR street,

sep7 *PITTSBURGH.*

E. P. LONG,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

Boots, Shoes and Gums,

No. 61 MARKET street, near Fourth,

se7 *PITTSBURGH.*

WM. PICKERSGILL & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, &C.

No. 48 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PRIME AND SCARCE GOODS

AT

ALBREE'S,

No. 86 N. E. cor. of Diamond & Market st.

MEN'S, BOY'S and YOUTH'S custom made, double sold, thick CALF BOOTS; with a general assortment of every kind of

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes.

These goods are made to special order, will be sold in good faith, and warranted to give satisfaction. oc30

FOUNDRIES.

FORT PITT CANNON FOUNDRY.

CHARLES KNAP,

CANNON FOUNDER,

O'HARA AND ETNA STREETS,

se9 *PITTSBURGH.*

WM. SMITH.....DAVID S. PARK.....JAS. PARK, JR.

SMITH, PARK & CO.,

NINTH WARD FOUNDRY,

PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

Warehouse, 149 First & 120 Second sts.

Manufacturers of all sizes and descriptions of Coal Oil Retorts and Stills, Gas and Water Pipes, Sad Irons, Dog Irons, Wagon Boxes, Steel Moulds, Pullies, Hangers and Couplings.

Also, Jobbing and Machine Castings o every description made to order.

Having a complete MACHINE SHOP attached to the Foundry, all necessary fitting will be carefully attended to. se7

FULTON FOUNDRY,

NINTH WARD, PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Warehouse: No. 141 Wood street.

JOSEPH PENNOCK,

PROPRIETOR.

ROBERT C. TOTTEN,

Superintendent at Foundry.

MANUFACTURES

Nail Machines, Rolls, Squeezers and Rolling-mill Castings generally.

GAS AND WATER PIPES.

Gas Retorts and Oil Stills: Hot Blast and Superheating Pipes: Sugar Kettles.

House Fronts and Window Heads.

ROLLS TURNED,

and all fitting done to order.

A large assortment of Rolling-mill Pattern on hand, purchased from "Fort Pitt Foundry." se24

S. S. FOWLER & CO.,

IRON FOUNDERS

AND MILL FINISHERS.

AND MANUFADTURERS OF

SOLID HUB CAR WHEELS,

39 WATER street,

se17 *PITTSBURGH, PA.*

IRON CITY FORGE.

KLOMAN & PHIPPS,

Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh.

Manufacture Bar Iron, General Railway and Steamboat Forgings, Passenger, Freight and Locomotive Axles, &c., &c.

ANDREW KLOMAN, } General Partners.
HENRY PHIPPS, Jr., }
THOS. N. MILLER, Special Partner. [se3:tf

WM. G. PRICE,

BERLIN FOUNDRY,

COR. PENNA. AVENUE & PRICE ST.

Manufacturer of all sizes and descriptions of castings for OIL REFINERIES, Glass and Gas Works, Wagon Boxes, Dog Irons, Grate Bars, Fire Fronts, Sash and Clock Weights, Pullies, Hangers and Couplings. All kinds of castings for AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. Also, castings of all kinds for PLUMBERS and GAS FITTERS. Also, JOBBING and MACHINE CASTINGS, light or heavy, made to order.

UPHOLSTERY.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD,

(Successors to J. Seibert.)

PRACTICAL UPHOLSTERERS,

No. 160 THIRD street,

PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers and dealers in Curtains, Cornice, Bands, Shades and Blinds, Mattresses, Comforts, Cushions, &c.

Particular attention paid to Steamboat work. Carpets fitted and laid ta order. se11:6m

E. EDMUNDSON.....W. R. BATEMAN.

E. EDMUNDSON & CO.

UPHOLSTERERS,

Nos. 96 & 98 Third Street, near Wood,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacture and keep on hand every article in their line, viz:

CURTAIN GOODS, ORNAMENTS, FRINGES, TASSELS & CORDS, COMFORTS & BEDS, PATENT SPIRAL SPRING, HAIR, COTTON, HUSK AND STRAW MATRESSES, &C.

ALSO, DEALER IN

WALL PAPERS,

Fire board Prints, Window Shades, &c., &c. se7

PLUMBING.

J. G. WELDON.....JOHN KELLY.

WELDON & KELLY,

Gas and Steam Fitters,

PLUMBERS AND BRASS FOUNDERS,

164 WOOD STREET, NEAR SIXTH,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Pumps sold and repaired. Proprietors and manufacturers of Dakin's Patent Water Drawer and Musgrave's Patent Gas Cooking and Heating Stoves. se7

OILS.

RICHARDSON, HARLEY & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Pefroleum and its Products,

No. 19 IRWIN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Liberal Cash advance on consignments for Pittsburgh and the Eastern markets. [se11:1y

THE ARDESCO OIL COMPANY,

Manufacture and have for sale a superior quality of

REFINED ARDESCO OIL,

Non-explosive. Also,

PURE BENZOLE.

Warehouse, 27 IRWIN street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BREWER, BURKE & CO.,

Commission Merchants.

AGENTS FOR THE

PACIFIC, GLOBE, and LIBERTY OIL WORKS.

Ample STORAGE for Crude and Refined Oil. Liberal CASH ADVANCE made on Consignments of Crude or Refined Petroleum.

Yard for storage and shipment of Crude—

AT LAWRENCEVILLE.

Office and Ware house—Corner DUQUESNE WAY and HANCOCK Street, Pittsburgh. se11

EAGLE OIL WORKS, Lawrenceville.

WIGHTMAN & ANDERSON,

REFINERS OF PURE

CARBON OIL,

(Quality warranted equal to the best made.)

Lubricating Oil, Benzole and Car Grease, and dealers in LAMPS, &c. Warehouse No. 92 Third street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh. se11:1y

LUCENT OIL WORKS—

DUNCAN, DUNLAP & CO.,

Manufacturers of

PURE WHITE REFINED

CARBON OILS,

OFFICE: No. 201 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. se7

J. F. DUNCAN & CO.,

BROKERS AND DEALERS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

Office: DUQUESNE WAY, near Hand street bridge, and on 'Change at 11½ o'clock.

We have constantly on hand large supplies of CRUDE and REFINED OIL, BENZINE and LUBRICATING OIL for home and export trade se17:1y

T. J. BRERETON....J. T. JOHNSTON....H. B. WILKINS.

THE ALADDIN OIL COMPANY.

BRERETON, JOHNSTON & WILKINS,

MANUFACTURERS AND REFINERS OF

COAL AND CARBON OIL,

BENZINE, &c.

OFFICE, NO. 43 MARKET ST., se7 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COCHRAN & RUSSELL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

CRUDE AND PETROLEUM OILS AND NAVAL STORES.

Liberal advances made on consignments. se28 22 NORTH FRONT St., Philadelphia.

PENNOCK, BALL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

EUREKA CARBON OIL,

EUREKA LUBRIC OIL,

And Wholesale Dealers in

Crude, Refined and Lubricating Oils,

NO. 31. MARKET STREET.

se7 PITTSBUEGH, PA.

C. GREGG,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND DEALER IN

OILS,

Crude and Refined Petroleum, Machinery Oils and Benzine.

35 MARKET STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. se7

THE LUCESCO OIL COMPANY,

MANUFACTURERS OF

COAL OIL;

AND REFINERS OF

PETROLEUM!

TRADE MARKS:

"LUCESCO BURNING COAL OIL;"

"LUCESCO BURNING OIL."

Warehouse, No. 11 WOOD Street.

I. M. PENNOCK, Pres't.
C. H. ISRAEL, Secretary. se7

NORTH AMERICAN OIL CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

REFINED BURNING COAL AND CARBON OIL;

Kiskiminitis, Armstrong County.

Warehouse, No. 80 THIRD Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. F. JOHNSTON, Pres't.
GEORGE OGDEN, Secret'y. se7

ALLEN & NEEDLES, Philadelphia,

Commission Merchants,

For the sale of Crude and Refined

PETROLEUM, LARD, AND OTHER OILS. se12

LAMPS.

THE ALADDIN LAMP STORE.

WILLIAM M. MURRAY,

Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in

LAMPS, CHANDELIERS &c.,

And Dealer in

LUBRICATING & REFINED OILS,

NO. 43 MARKET STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Orders from abroad promptly attended to. se7

CONFECTIONERY.

P. REYMER.....J. S. REYMER.....H. D. REYMER.

REYMER & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN FRUITS,

NUTS, CONFECTIONERY,

SUGARS, FIRE WORKS, &c.

Also, Manufacturers of all varieties of

Fine Cream Candies, Chocolate Creams,

GUM, JELLY AND LIQUORICE DROPS, JELLIES, SYRUPS, &c.

Nos. 126 and 128 WOOD St., abv FIFTH,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

REPAIRING done as usual. se7

HOTELS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—THE PROPRIETORS of the

GIRARD HOUSE,

PHILADELPHIA,

Would respectfully call the attention of business men and the traveling community to the superior accommodations and comfort of their establishment.

KANAGA, FOWLER & CO.

se21

THE UNITED STATES HOTEL,

COVERLY & HUTCHISON, Proprietors,

HARRISBURG, PA.

This well known Hotel is now in a condition to accommodate the traveling public, affording the most ample conveniences alike for the transient guest and the permanent boarder.

THE UNITED STATES HOTEL has been entirely refitted throughout, and now has accommodations equal in extent, comfort and luxury to any hotel between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh. Its location is the best in the State Capital, being in easy access to all the railroad depots, and in close proximity to all the public offices and business localities of the city. It has now all the conveniences of

A FIRST CLASS HOTEL.

and the Proprietors are determined to spare neither expense, time or labor to ensure the comfort of the guests. The patronage of the traveling public is respectfully solicited. no6:3m

"THE UNION" HOTEL,

ARCH STREET,

Between THIRD and FOURTH streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

T. S. WEBB & SONS.

THOS. S. WEBB,
FRANK R. WEBB,
JESSE R. WEBB. se11:1y

THE NATIONAL HOUSE,

FIFTH STREET.

M'KEESPORT, PA

This delightful Summer Resort is now open for the reception of VISITORS and BOARDERS. FAMILIES can be accommodated with BOARDING, during the Season, on very favorable terms. His TABLE is furnished with every delicacy which the market affords. It is easy of access by the Connellsville Railroad.

H. KLEINMAN.

M'Keesport, Sept., 1863.

THE BELLVIDERE HOUSE,

ED. EICHENLAUB,

PROPRIETOR.

NEAR SHARPSBURG. se19

RESTAURANTS.

ELI YOUNG'S

Restaurant and Eating Saloon,

Nos. 129 & 131 SMITHFIELD street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in every style, together with all the Delicacies of the season. sep7:1y

MILITARY EXCHANGE,

No. 48 Market Street,

LOUIS HAGER, Proprietor.

The very best of Shell and Can Oysters served up in every style, together with all the Delicacies of the Season.

LUNCH EVERY MORNING. oc8-1y

FRED. WEIS',

CORNUCOPIA,

No. 8 Corner Fifth and Union streets.

The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in every style, together with all the delicacies of the season. OYSTERS sold retail or wholesale. oc26:3m

SIGEL SALOON,

47 Fifth street, opposite the Theatre.

The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in every style, together with all the delicacies of the season.

LUNCH every morning. oc28:3m

OPEN AGAIN.—E. REINEMAN'S

DUQUESNE EATING HOUSE,

No. 67 SMITHFIELD street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,

Enlarged and fitted up in elegant style. All delicacies of the season always on hand.

Delicious OYSTERS, first of the season. oct7:1y

JOHN LUNDY'S

ELDORADO

Restaurant and Eating Saloon,

Corner of FIFTH and SMITHFIELD streets.

PITTSBURGH.

The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in every style, together with all the delicacies of the season. se10:1y

FRED. JACOBS'

RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON,

No. 37 MARKET street.

se16:3m

VIERHELLER & ROESSING'S

BROADWAY SALOON RESTAURANT,

No. 64 FIFTH street,

Odd Fellows Hall Building.

se7:1y *PITTSBURGH, PA.*

BOWERY SALOON,

No. 48 FIFTH street, next door to Theatre,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

JAS. S. WILLIAMS.....Proprietor.

se7:6m

"OUR HOUSE,"

JOHN SHALER, Proprietor,

32 Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.

The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in every style, together with all the delicacies of the season. Oysters sold retail or wholesale. se22:3m

KOENIG'S SALOON,

No. 76 Fifth street, opposite Post-office.

HENRY SCHNEIDER & JACOB ROHR,

PROPRIETORS.

FRESH OYSTERS received daily, which we are prepared to serve up in every style. [no3:2w

SILVER CLOUD SALOON,

(Late Capt. C. C. Seeley's.)

CHARLES MULLEN,

PROPRIETOR.

18 Market street.

The choicest ALES, WINES and LIQUORS kept constantly on hand. OYSTERS served in every style. no3:3m

JOHN MEYER'S

Restaurant and Eating Saloon,

No. 46 Smithfield street,

oc28:1y PITTSBURGH.

MRS. E. BOLLSTETTER'S

RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON,

No. 178 Wood street.

WARM LUNCH every morning. [oc31:3m

LIQUORS.

JOHN SEIFERTH.....CHARLES WEIHL.

JOHN SEIFERTH & CO.,

(Successors to Leopold Sahl,)

Importers and dealers in

Wines, Liquors and Cigars,

27 and 29 MARKET street, cor. Second,

se7 *PITTSBURGH.*

FRED. SCHIELD,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Groceries, Liquors, Wines and Cigars,

No. 17 PENN street, Pittsburgh.

se16:1y

JOSEPH ROSS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FAMILY SELECTED GROCERIES,

FOREIGN LIQUORS,

WINES AND CIGARS,

East side of the Diamond,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CARRIAGES.

CORNWELL & KERR,

Carriage Manufacturers.

OLD ESTABLISHED COACH FACTORY,

Duquesne Way, near St. Clair Street.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

REPAIRING done as usual. se7

GROCERS.

WILLIAM BAGALEY,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

Nos. 18 and 20 Wood Street,

sep7 Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOS. KIRKPATRICK.....WM. KIRKPATRICK.

J. KIRKPATRICK & BRO.,

[Successors to Brown & Kirkpatrick.]

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Nos. 191 and 193 LIBERTY Street.

se16 *PITTSBURGH, PA.*

WM. MILLER, Phila.....C. W. RICKETSON, Pittsb'g.

MILLER & RICKETSON,

Wholesale Grocers

AND IMPORTERS OF

BRANDIES, WINES AND SEGARS,

Nos. 221 and 223, corner of LIBERTY and IRWIN Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Iron, Nails, Cotton Yarns, &c. &c., constantly on hand. se8

S. LINDSAY, JR.....J. TELFORD

LINDSAY & TELFORD,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS,

FLOUR, PRODUCE,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NO. 187 LIBERTY STREET,

se7 PITTSBURGH.

S. H. LUCAS,

Grocer, Flour & Commission Merchant,

No. 265 Liberty street,

oc28:3m PITTSBURGH.

G. B. JONES.....O. B. JONES

GEORGE B. JONES & SON,

Wholesale Grocers and Boat Furnishers,

Dealers in MANILLA ROPE, OAKUM, OILS, PITCH and Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles. No. 141 WATER Street, above the Monongahela bridge, Pittsburgh, Pa

THE COMMERCIAL.

The DAILY COMMERCIAL, published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) price THREE CENTS, mailed at EIGHT DOLLARS a year; served by Carrier: FIFTEEN CENTS per week.

The DAILY COMMERCIAL—PENNY EDITION—issued every afternoon—the first edition at 12 M., and others follow as the news received from all quarters may require. It is delivered at residences and places of business by Carriers at SIX CENTS a week, and sold on the streets by newsboys at ONE CENT.

The WEEKLY COMMERCIAL, TWO DOLLARS a year; three copies FIVE DOLLARS; five copies EIGHT DOLLARS. Any person who will send in a club of TEN subscribers, at $1,50 each, shall receive an extra copy for himself; or may retain one dollar as his compensation. Specimen numbers forwarded on application.

TERMS—Cash, invariably in advance.

All letters should be addressed to THE COMMERCIAL, Fifth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ The morning edition of the COMMERCIAL is furnished to Carriers, Newsmen and Agents at $1,75 per 100 copies; evening edition, 60 cents per 100 copies.

ADVERTISING RATES.

FOR STANDING MATTER:

	Daily. 1 sq	Daily. ½ sq	3 times a week. 1 sq	3 times a week. ½ sq	2 times a week. 1 sq	2 times a week. ½ sq	1 time a week. 1 sq	1 time a week. ½ sq
1 time	$ 60	30						
2 times	1 00	60						
3 times	1 25	80						
1 week	2 00	$ 1 20	$ 1 50	90				
2 weeks	3 50	1 75	2 40	$ 1 20	$ 1 75	$ 1 00	$ 1 20	60
3 weeks	5 00	2 50	3 00	1 50	2 50	1 25	1 50	80
1 month	6 00	3 00	4 00	2 00	3 00	1 50	1 80	1 00
2 months	9 00	4 50	5 00	2 00	4 50	2 25	3 00	1 50
3 months	11 00	5 50	7 50	3 75	5 50	2 75	3 75	1 90
4 months	13 00	7 00	8 30	4 55	6 50	3 25	4 25	2 25
5 months	14 00	7 50	9 20	5 00	7 00	3 75	4 60	2 50
6 months	15 00	8 00	10 00	5 50	7 50	4 00	5 00	2 80
9 months	20 00	11 00	12 45	7 00	10 00	5 75	6 95	4 25
1 year	25 00	15 00	17 00	10 40	12 50	7 50	8 50	5 20

CHANGEABLE ADVERTISEMENTS.
(Changeable once a week.)

	Daily, a week	3 times 2 times 1 time. a week	W'kly
Six months	$18 00	$14 40	$12 00	$ 8,00	$00 00
One year	30 00	21 50	18 75	11 00	00 00

Administ'n Notices, 1 time a week 6 times..$2 25
Marriage Notices..... 5
Funeral Notices, each insertion..... 50

The Daily Commercial.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1863.

Publication Office, 72 and 74 Fifth Street, (2d Floor) Opposite Postoffice.

PUBLISHED BY
The Commercial Printing Co.

☞ Interesting reading and commercial matter will be found on the first and fourth pages.

THERE are forty sovereigns in Europe. In this country there are thirty millions, and very few without a crown.

THE first snow of the season fell in Washington Tuesday. It was very slight, and of short duration.

THE Mormons are beaten entirely out of sight by the Brahmins of India, some of whom have as many as one hundred and thirty wives.

GEN. BURNSIDE'S resignation is accepted, and Gen. FOSTER will succeed him, it is said, in command of the army of East Tennessee.

THE potato rot is making fearful ravages in Ireland. In some districts three fourths of the crop is destroyed. The recent heavy and continuous rain is considered the cause of the calamity.

SIXTEEN hundred thousand slaves are reported to have been run into Georgia and Alabama alone, from Kentucky, Tennessee, Louisiana and Mississippi, by rebel owners, to escape the Union troops.

A GREAT Union meeting was held in Knoxville, Tennessee, on the 20th ult. The weather was exceedingly inclement, but the attendance numbered nearly 10,000, some of the Tennesseans traveling forty miles to be present.

IT is said that the habit of smoking has increased in England, while deep drinking has gone out. This is certainly something in favor of smoking, for if a man is bent on a course of slow but certain suicide, he had better die in his senses.

ABOUT three weeks since, says a Petersburg, Va., paper, the widow of Gen. Helm, (rebel), killed at Chickamauga, who is a sister of Mrs. Lincoln, desiring to go North to rejoin her friends in Kentucky, wrote to both of them, by flag of truce, asking a passport from the proper authority, but no notice whatever was taken of her.

THERE was a decline in the number of the agricultural population of England and Wales, between 1851 and 1861. The male portion in 1851 consisting of land proprietors, farmers and graziers, farm bailiffs, agricultural laborers, shepherds and indoor farm servants, amounted to 1,149,479, while in 1861 the number had decreased to 1,126,104, a falling off of 23,375.

The Enrollment of Coalboats.—

We did not intend to charge Captain BATCHELOR and the officials at the port of Pittsburgh as being solely interested in the fees received for the enrollment of coalboats. Though the original design, when these fees were imposed, was to pay the officers enforcing the law. This is no longer the case at the larger offices. The Custom House officers at Pittsburgh had always received the whole proceeds of these fees until the breaking out of the war. The system of permits has largely increased the business and fees, and now all the receipts are paid into the national treasury, and an allowance of salary given in lieu. Capt. BATCHELOR now receives in fees more than double the salary allowed him. The enrollment of these coalboats would therefore increase his duties without any increase of salary. In the smaller ports along the river this would not be the case, and the argument is still good that these fees in theory are not revenue, and no correct system of revenue can be based upon them.

The Province of the Clergy.

In times of high political excitement our clerical friends are frequently placed in a position of great embarrassment. Their high and sacred calling should undoubtedly relieve them from becoming partizans on either side. Some of them carry this to such an extent as to abstain from the exercise of the elective franchise altogether. Others vote without taking any active part in political discussions; while a few take an active part in stump speaking, and are candidates for office. We do not intend to prejudge any of these classes. We could not do so without treading on the toes of some of them, and we have no desire to do that.

We suppose that each member of the clerical profession should decide this for himself as a question of duty, as we have no doubt they do. When they have decided it thus, we think they should not be subjected to sharp criticism because they have decided it differently from what some of their neighbors would have done. We especially think that those who from high conceptions of duty have determined to abstain from all participation in even the elective franchise, should not be annoyed by their parishioners or their neighbors. We would not thus decide this question ourselves. We would veto under all circumstances.

We have had a full interchange of opinion with one of the most intelligent and conscientious clergymen we know, who has not for twenty-five years voted at any election. He is a firm supporter of government on Bible principles, and is equally firm in his conviction that he could not vote without injuring his spiritual influence over the members of his pastoral charge. Without subscribing to all his views, we felt so deeply his earnestness and honesty that on behalf of all who sympathize with him we felt like putting in a plea that they be relieved of all illiberal criticism on their motives.

We Told You So.

Before the election we said time and again that if LOWRIE and WOODWARD should be elected, they would hand over the State, bound hand and foot, to JEFF DAVIS. The decision of these two copperheads and Judge THOMPSON, the other day, declaring the act of Congress authorizing the draft unconstitutional, and awarding a preliminary injunction to prevent the draft from proceeding under it in this State, demonstrates that we were right. If that act is unconstitutional all proceedings had under it are void; every man taken into the army under it was wrongfully taken; every man retained in the army under it is wrongfully retained, and has a perfect right to throw down his gun at any time and go home. Nay, he has a perfect right to bring his action for false imprisonment against the officers, who commanded him while in the army, or who should prevent him from leaving it.

It must be obvious to every one that such a decision, if carried into effect, would be the severest blow the national cause has received since the war began. All the defeats and reverses which our armies have sustained from the breaking out of the rebellion till the present time would not begin to compare with it. Their effects was only partial and temporary—it extended to but small portions of the National forces, and was soon removed. But the effect of such a decision, if carried into effect, would be general and abiding. It would extend at once to the whole National forces, and would have no end. Its necessary result would be to annihilate our whole armies, and to leave the field open to JEFF. DAVIS to overrun and subdue the whole country at his leisure. No defeat which MEADE'S and GRANT'S armies could possibly sustain could be anything like so advantageous to JEFF. If defeated or even annihilated in the field, they could be replaced by new levies. But this decision would not only annihilate the armies which we now have, but most effectually prevent us forever raising new ones in their place. JEFF. DAVIS and the rebel Congress may well say to our three Judges, "Well done good and faithful servants. LEE and BEAUREGARD and BRAGG have done well, acted nobly; but you have excelled them all. They, from time to time, defeated portions of the National forces, but you struck them all down at one blow."

If WOODWARD had been elected governor, and LOWRIE had been re-elected to the supreme bench, WOODWARD would have appointed a good copperhead as judge in his place, a majority of the court would in that case still have been disloyal; the decision of the court on the final hearing would have been the same as that now made on the preliminary hearing, and a perpetual injunction would have been awarded to prevent any draft under the act of Congress; WOODWARD as governor, would have issued a proclamation ordering at the conscripts from Pennsylvania under the late draft to return home immediately, and prohibiting the Federal officers from enforcing the draft under the President's new call; and he would have called out the militia of the State to enforce his proclamation. The consequence would have been a war between Pennsylvania and the General Government. And then WOODWARD would have got this State to go with the South, as he always said he wished it to do.

Have not we abundant reason to thank God that he has saved us from such a peril, by enabling us to defeat WOODWARD and LOWRIE at the late election? As things now are, this decision of the Court is but the bray of a dying ass. It was made on a preliminary hearing. Before the final hearing LOWRIE will be off the bench, and AGNEW will be in his place. The majority of the Court will then be loyal; and consequently the decision on the final hearing will be a loyal decision; and the only effect of this decision will be to consign to eternal infamy the three Judges who made it.

In the meantime, will it not be well to keep an eye on these three judges? Under the Constitution it is treason to give aid and comfort to the enemies of the country. In view of that fact, and if the aid and comfort, which those judges by their decision have given to the rebels, what can we think of them? Can any one deny that they need to be well watched? Can any body persuade himself that a deeper, blacker, more damning infamy does not await them than that which overtook the Hartford Conventionists, or the tories of the Revolution.

The Proposed Law Regulating Store Orders.

We doubt if any other community similarly situated to our own, has ever so entirely abstained from the use of store orders in the payment of their operatives, as is the case with our leading manufacturers. On a few occasions, when trade was stagnant, these orders have been used; but that has been the exception, not the rule. Hence there is no special interest felt in the agitation of this subject. In the mining districts of Eastern Pennsylvania this question is paramount to every other, and there it was undoubtedly wielded to the injury of Gov. CURTIN at the late election. The attempt was made here, but most signally failed. In fact, a move emanating from Philadelphia was made ten days before the election, and emissaries sent all over the State to arouse the prejudices of the operatives against Gov. CURTIN, simply because he had not signed a bill passed by the last legislature, on the heels of its adjournment.

Now, we have never seen this bill, and only know from report that some of its provisions are strongly objected to by both sides. If Gov. CURTIN concludes, as he probably will, to veto this bill on account of its objectionable features—it will be accompanied by a special message setting forth that—and at the same time avowing himself in favor of a properly guarded bill. We think that a fair bill will be passed by the next Legislature, and be signed by the Governor. He called the attention of the last Legislature to this matter, and had the bill passed been free from objectionable details it would have been promptly signed.

A club of intriguing politicians attempted to use this to cause the Governor's defeat, and on election day boasted that it had lost him ten thousand votes. The ballot boxes generally did not show it. Though the heavy vote against him in the anthracite Mining Districts, was procured by their false representations. The Governor, however, very well knows that the laboring interests, even when carried off on this subject, acted under wrong impressions, and he undoubtedly will do exactly what he thinks right, even although a few politicians may have given him a good excuse to give it the cold shoulder. We, therefore, hope that employees and employed will alike unite to see that the new law to come before the next Legislature may be such as is fair to both sides, and to all the business interests of the State.

THE Marylanders don't make any objections to the negroes enlisting, now that is known that every colored soldier is credited to the quota of that State. Enlistments are progressing rasidly, Col. Birney having enlisted 738 colored soldiers up to the 1st of November.

THE celebrated Vermont stallion, known as the "Old Green Mountain Morgan," is dead. He was very aged, and has been one of the best stock horses in New England, and has won a reputation as wide as the continent.

IT is announced that General LEW WALLACE will be President of the Court of Inquiry in the cases of Generals McCOOK and CRITTENDEN.

Literary Notices.

HISTORY OF THE ROMANS UNDER THE EMPIRE: By Charles Merivale, B. D., Late Fellow of St. John's College, Cambridge. From the 4th London Edition. With a copious Analytical Index: Vol. I. New York, D. Appleton & Company; Pittsburgh, Robert S. Davis, 1863. pp. 439.

It affords us great pleasure to call the attention of our readers to the first instalment of this great work, which the Appletons are now bringing out in such a magnificent dress. The period embraced in this history is the most important in Roman history, beginning at the first Triumvirate, and closing with the end of the Empire, extending over more than four centuries. The author has made the most extensive researches among the records of antiquity, and has enjoyed all the benefits to be derived from the labors of the most eminent modern historians, who have devoted themselves to the study and elucidation of the habits, customs, government, philosophy and religion of that ancient Empire, to which, at one time, the destinies of the world seemed committed.

The distinguishing traits of this work, which must henceforth be regarded as in the highest degree standard, may be thus set forth:

1. It exhibits the great changes introduced by JULIUS CAESAR—how he prostrated the Roman oligarchy and laid the foundations of the Roman Empire in the will of the middle classes; how he broke down the barriers of municipality, and infused provincial blood into the Senate and people of Rome, and how he organized the conquests of previous times. 2. It shows, as no previous history has done, the effects of conquest and supremacy upon the Roman people; and also the struggles of the conquered nations to assert for themselves a share in the dignities and privileges of the conquering race. 3. This is eminently, as it professes to be, a history of *the people*, and not merely of *the Empire* viewed as an organization by itself. 4. The author has kept steadily before him the fact that the feelings, ideas and influences of a people live and operate long after that people may have passed away. 5. And the great changes brought about by the introduction of Christianity are also properly recognized.

These general characteristics are sufficient to establish the worth of the work before us, to give it a place in every well selected library, and to make it a subject of study in the momentous days in which we live.

BROKEN COLUMNS. New York: Sheldon & Co. Pittsburgh: Robert S. Davis. 1863. pp. 358.

This is a new production, by the author of "Adam Bede," and is pronounced by the distinguished Essayist, Peter Bayne, to be superior to that work, whose popularity was deservedly great. The moral tone is for the most part unexceptionable, and the entire story is ably and even powerfully written. To the more intellectual of the readers of fiction, this will afford rare entertainments for the heart and the mind.

THE JEWISH TABERNACLE AND ITS FURNITURE IN THEIR TYPICAL TEACHINGS. By Rev. Richard Newton, L. D., Rector of the Church of the Epiphany, Philadelphia. New York: Robert Carter & Brothers. Pittsburgh: Robert S. Davis. 1863. pp. 388.

Dr. Newton is an evangelical writer, always welcomed. In this volume he gives a clear and attractive gospel interpretation of the nature and design of the Tabernacle, of the Brazen Altar, of the Laver, of the Candlestick, of the Table of Shew Bread, of the Altar of Incense, of the Ark, of the Cherubim, and of the Mercy Seat. The connection between the Mosaic and Christian dispensations is shown in such a way as to throw much light upon many of the fundamental doctrines of our holy religion. We commend it to the family and also to the individual reader.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Autumn's Farewell and Observations Upon it—The Fuel Question West—Our Mayor and the Bill Posters—A Deserving Charity—Revolutionizing Local Railway Travel.

Special Correspondence of the Commercial.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 10, 1863.

The Autumn weather is bidding us adieu, and overcoats and furs are now in vogue as much as if it was New Year's Day. Considerable ice formed last night, and this morning we had a light fall of snow. It did not last long, however. You may remember that on the 7th day of November, 1862, we had quite a heavy snow storm here. However, it is altogether too cold to-day to snow, but when it moderates a little, I hardly know how we are going to escape from it. It is a blessed thing for those who are liberally supplied with warm overcoats, furs, and plenty of Lehigh; for all three are now away "up in the nineties." A set of furs which could have been purchased one year since for twenty-five dollars, costs about forty dollars now, and for a decent overcoat, from forty to forty-five dollars must be paid. I havn't heard how Lehigh is selling to-day, but I presume about fifty cents per ton more than it was a day or two since, when I wrote you about it. Foreign goods are especially dear, and the families of mechanics find it a difficult matter to indulge the luxury of imported dress goods, such as merinoes, cashmeres, etc. A very good article of silk could formerly be purchased for one dollar and a dollar and a quarter per yard; now the price is about double that for the same article. The richer the material the less, in proportion, does it cost, for be it known, the duty upon all grades of silk is alike.

We see by a telegram from Parkersburg, that there is a possibility of the Ohio's rising sufficiently to appease the coal famine down the Mississippi and Ohio. How this sudden "cold snap" may influence the aqueous element, however, I cannot say, at this distance. We get a tolerable idea of the scarcity of fuel at Cincinnati and other Western places, from the newspapers of that city and such articles as the one, which has been widely copied, from the *Commercial* of yesterday, where you refer to a privilege having been secured by the Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad Company for the shipment of coal from the Manchester depot.

It would be useless for me to tell you, who have so long resided in a large city, of that intolerable nuisance—bill-posting. The fact of the business is that it has for a long time been impossible to erect anything in any public place in our large cities, or even in villages of any size, without having it plastered over with "posters" of some kind. This thing is carried to a greater extent in New York probably than in any other place, but it has been intolerable even here. Finally it has culminated. A few days since there was announced to appear at one of our leading theatres a "star" of greater or lesser magnitude, and so the manager thought he would try the experiment of placarding the curb-stones on both sides of Chestnut, from the neighborhood of Broad st. down to the Continental or below. It had an effect, which was what the astute manager desired, for everybody that passed up, down or across that public thoroughfare could not help being impressed by the immense quantity of different colored papers which were pasted to the gutter sides. The keepers of fashionable resorts were very angry. They had their posters, errand boys and subs of all kinds out early in the morning tearing them loose, but they adhered so firmly that the pieces which would not come off made it look worse than if the whole bill had been left. Mayor Henry having been appealed to, he, this morning, made an attack on the bill posting fraternity by issuing an "order," instructing the police to arrest all persons found sticking bills on public property of any kind whatsoever. Curb stones and telegraph poles (fire and police) will therefore have to go without their extra coat of paste and paper hereafter—until the "order" is forgotten.

We have in this city a society known as the Lying-in Charity and Nurse Society. The thirteenth annual report was read last night at a formal meeting, showing that the benefits of the Charity had been extended within the past year to three hundred and thirty-six women, all of whom had recovered except one. One hundred and seven of the number referred to were personally visited at their residences, and aid extended. The number of obstetric cases attended to by the physicians of this institution is very great, and all who are unable to obtain medical treatment from lack of money, if they are worthy, can here find the best of temporary care, in the certain speciality above mentioned. Its benefits have been partaken of by thousands.

To-day ushers in a new era in our history. Steam passenger cars, or *dummies*, commenced, at six o'clock this morning, to run regular trips over the Frankford and Southwark Passenger Railway, between this place and the Berks street depot. The first effects of this will be to reduce the time of travel between those two points some twenty or thirty minutes, and furnish to passengers a far more pleasant mode of conveyance than the heretofore much overcrowded horse-cars. For it is presumed that one of the first things that the company will do, will be to make arrangements to seat a great many of their passengers, who have persistently been obliged to stand. The effect which these cars will produce upon the popular mind remains to be seen. Many persons think that it will be the means of introducing them upon all the roads in the city, as the building of this, the pioneer road, six years ago, was the beginning of the system which has in this time completely revolutionized our mode of local travel.

The effect upon the future of Frankford, and the balance of the Twenty-third Ward, by thus enabling the community to ride from this place to Market street in about three-fourths of an hour, will be, doubtless, very great. It is, perhaps, as good a conjecture as can be made to say that the population of the Ward, which is now about 25,000, will, as a consequence, be doubled inside of ten years. The Company have understood this thing heretofore pretty well, and as inducement to bring the business men and women of the city out here to reside, have kept their rates of fare to regular daily riders, down at a reasonable price, knowing that every head of a family or daily rider represents at least a dozen or more transient passengers, paying full rates, and it is not likely that they will change their policy in this respect, now that they have additional inducements to offer to this class of riders.

For the Commercial.

WE UNDERSTAND (for we do not read the paper,) that the local column of the *Chronicle*, a day or so ago, contained a very lenghy article on the Mayoralty, ostensibly with the view of damaging, as far as that paper is capable, the prospects of the present incumbent for re-election. It appears the editor was satisfied with his own figuring, if the public was not, and with a grand flourish, such as he is in the habit of indulging in, when speaking and wishing to appear a man of consequence, in Councils, he prognosticates who will "be the successful competitor in the race for the honor." Now, Messrs. Editors, you doubtless remember the story of the French savan who became insane from constant, unremitting calculation in his mind, "that twice one made one."

Now, pray, may not the intellect of the local editor of the *Chronicle* have proven too weak for the innumerable calculations he has been fixing and making up against Mayor SAWYER, ever since a certain day, when a certain individual was ejected from the Mayor's office, and is it dot a reasonable conclusion for us to presume that he has, like the Frenchman, become unsettled in his reason! We shall have to attend the next meeting of Councils, and watch his movements; and should anything show itself to satisfy us still further, that something is wrong, we shall feel constrained to have our old friend, Col. PRATT, ready to do whatever our fears in the premises may think and urge best.

MODESTY.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. W. F. FUNDENBERG,

Has resumed the practice of his Profession, at
No. 142 Penn street,
oc29:1m two doors below Pitt street.

Editor of Commercial:

DEAR SIR,—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail, to all who wish it (free), a Recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
oc5:3m:d&w 831 Broadway, New York.

MARRIED:

ADDAMS—STANTON—In this city, at the Monongahela House, on Tuesday, Nov. 10th, by the Rev. Mr. Cowl, GEORGE W. ADDAMS, of Harrison Co., Ohio, and CAROLINE STANTON, of Salem, Columbiana Co., Ohio.

DIED:

MILLER—On Tuesday evening, November 10th, Mr. P. MILLER, in the sixtieth year of his age.

ANNUAL ASSEMBLY
OF THE
VIGILANT FIRE COMPANY.

The MANAGERS request the pleasure of your company at their Annual Assembly, at

CONCERT HALL,
On Thursday, December 10, 1863.

MANAGERS:

B. C. Sawyer, Sr.,	Robert Galway,
James Irwin,	Wm. Whitesides,
Robert Irwin,	J. H. Stewart,
Wm. B. McLaughlin,	John W. Hay,
James H. Hays,	George Ogden,
George Stoekel,	John J. Torley,
James G. Weldon,	Wm. H. Robinson,
Charles W. Moore,	Frank Farran,
A. C. Daly,	Henry Schild,
F. C. O'Brien,	Albert Roesing,
H. P. Vierheller,	T. D. Loomis,
W. P. Barclay,	Arthur Mullen,
M. R. Bryan,	A. Updegraff,
Wm. Richardson,	John Kessler,
John Heath,	William Clinton,
Wm. McLaughlin,	R. W. Baxter,
John C. Klett,	F. Hass,
Wm. H. Browne,	Gorton Gavitt,
J. G. Hollock,	Charles F. Porter,
Daniel Pender,	John Fowler,
Geo. W. Smith,	N. P. Sawyer,
David McClelland,	C. P. Duff,
William Handlin,	Charles Cutler,
Walter R. Bateman,	Alexander Caskey,
D. Fitzsimmons,	

Treasurer—Lemuel Wilcox.
Committee of Arrangements—Robert C. Elliott, J. H. Sarber, George M. Larwill, N. Bernhardt, R. M. Kinkead. no12:2t

ANNUAL EXHIBITION
OF THE
Pittsburgh Gymnastic Association,
On Tuesday Evening, Nov. 17th.

Tickets 25 cents—to be had at all Music and Book Stores, and at the door.
The GREAT WESTERN BAND will be in attendance. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock. no12:td

TO STUDENTS AND LOVERS OF CHURCH MUSIC. The well-known composer, Mr. JOHN ZUNDEL, Organist and Director of Music of Henry Ward Beecher's church, New York, will visit this city during the next month to give a short course of instruction in Harmony, the Organ or Melodeon, and Chorus singing connected with public performances on the Organ, and Sacred Concerts. Circulars, stating terms, etc., may be obtained at the Music Stores of H. Kleber & Bro., and C. C. Mellor. no12:1Dec8

PETER KOLBECKER. No. 44 St. CLAIR street, has just fitted up his Saloon in the most elegant manner, and is now prepared to furnish his friends and the public with the largest and choicest SHELL OYSTERS to be had. Also, the choicest vintages of WINES, and BEER, ALE and LIQUORS of all kinds. Polite and attentive waiters always in attendance. no12:tf

GEORGE GERBER'S RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON, has been removed from the old stand, South corner of the Diamond, Allegheny, to the corner of Gay and Pitt alleys, where he is prepared to furnish meals of all kinds, served up in the best manner. His Bar is also supplied with the best brands of ALES, WINES and LIQUORS. no12:1m

CORKS!
GLASS & ARMSTRONG.
No. 122 Third street,
PITTSBURGH.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CORKS,
of every description.
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.
oc28:ly-eW&S

MALTA HOUSE.
JOHN HEINREICHS, Proprietor,
Federal street, Allegheny,
Has again opened his house, where he will furnish Oysters in every style. Oysters for sale by the can or dozen. oc13:tf-e-o-d

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to the Daily Commercial.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.

Reported Disaster to Burnside.

Now that the details of a temporary disaster to Burnside have been received, there is no longer any objection to alluding to the affair. It seems he was attacked by the rebels at Rogersville, Hawkins county, about fifteen miles from the Virginia State line, and about fifty from Knoxville, Tennessee.

Loss of Prisoners and Cannon.

The enemy were in large force, and carried the positions held by our forces after a brief fight, without very great loss in killed and wounded, though we lost six hundred prisoners and four cannon.

Burnsides' Army in Strong Position.

General Burnsides' main army was not near Rogersville, and is at present in a position which can be easily held against the large force of the enemy.

Relief for our Prisoners at Richmond.

President Lincoln has personally interested himself in measures to alleviate the sufferings of our prisoners at Richmond. He has directed our Commissioner to make application to the rebel Commissioner for permission to send at stated times clothing and provisions to them. It is not believed that there will be any objection to provisions, as clothing now goes freely

Prefers the Field.

Gen. Frank Blair writes here that he does not intend to take his seat in Congress, preferring to remain in the field. His resignation will probably be offered on the meeting of Congress.

The Rebel Officers

now prisoners here, including those captured on Saturday, left to-night for Johnson's Island in charge of Major Aldricks, of the One Hundred and Fifty-seventh Pennsylvania volunteers.

The National Cemetery.

Marshal Lamon, Commissioner French, Col. Puleston and others will leave here to-morrow for Gettysburg, to confer with the Committee of Arrangements for the grand consecration ceremonies at that place on the 19th inst. Gov. Curtin will meet them there. It has been suggested that arrangements be made for all widows of those killed in battle there, to be present on the occasion.

Col. Beckwith.

Who has been in charge of all the supplies of the Army of the Potomac ever since it has been organized, has been ordered to St. Louis, and left to-day.

Arrival of Senator Sprague.

Senator Sprague arrived to-day. He will be married to Miss Chase, daughter of Secretary Chase, to-morrow. The wedding will be one of the largest and most brilliant ever had here.

Leaves for Rome.

Gen. Rufus King is here and leaves for Rome in a few days, where he is Minister.

Sentenced to be Shot.

Capt. Gordon, the rebel who was tried for recruiting in Virginia within our lines for the rebel army, is sentenced to be shot in Baltimore on Friday. A.

From the Army of the Potomac.

NEW YORK, November 11.—The Philadelphia *Inquirer's* army correspondent says: General Buford returned on Monday night to the vicinity of Brandy Station, having advanced to within four miles of Culpepper, where he met, on Sunday night, Wilcox's corps, of Hill's division, with whom he had a sharp fight, lasting two hours. He drove the rebels some distance, and picketed the ground, but being short of forage and supplies he returned to the main body of the army. In this fight Lieut. J. A. Stephens, of the 8th Illinois cavalry, was wounded.

The first Brigade under Col. Chapman, of the 3d Indiana Cavalry, was principally engaged, sustaining a loss of about fifty killed and wounded. The rebel loss is unknown, they left five dead in the field; they buried several men and carried off many wounded on Monday morning. The rebels retired towards the Rapidan. Buford, before returning, sent a detachment to Culpepper Court House, who found no rebels in that vicinity. The supposition is that all of Lee's army is across the Rapidan; they occupy Pony Mountain, a short distance beyond Culpepper, and to the left of the Railroad, as a signal station, whence they can observe the movements of our army to advantage. Gen. Buford found the Railroad uninjured to Culpepper, and it was believed to be in good condition to the Rapidan.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *Commercial* says an order has been issued permanently relieving General Heintzelman from the command of this Department, and placing General Auger, who has been temporarily acting, in the place. General Heintzelman has been assigned to no new command, and probably will not be for some time to come. There is no reason as yet made public for his removal.

The President is seconded in his efforts by Col. Hoffman, of the Exchange Bureau here, and General Meridith, the Commissioner, is to institute measures for the relief of our suffering men in Richmond. The clothing which we have forwarded them has reached them, and the rebels have promised faithfully that everything else sent will be delivered.

It is now proposed to send them the necessaries of life in the provision line. Gen. Merideth will forward any clothing for the present sent to any prisoners in Richmond, civil or military, along with bundles forwarded by the Government. An effort will also be made to see if the rebels will not parole the men held by them for exchange. If they can't feed them no one can see why they should starve them, when it is so easy to parole them.

Privateers on Sandusky Bay.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 11.—Special dispatches from Cincinnati give an account of a singulr story about two suspicious vessels discovered yesterday hovering about Sandusky bay, supposed to be privateers fitted out by the secessionists in Canada, aided by the sympathizers there and in the United Ststes. The supposed object is to release the rebel prisoners on Johnson's Island, and commence piracy on the lakes and pillage on the land. A battery of Parrott guns was ordered forthwtih to Johnson's Island.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—It was stated several days ago, that two of Gen. Burnside's most easterly outposts in Tennessee had been attacked by the rebels and half of the garrison, consisting of two regiments and a battery, had been captured. Gen. Grant's dispatch did not designate the exact place where the disaster occurred, nor did it state the strength of the enemd's force, nor the probable number of killed wounded on our side.

The *Republican* of this afternoon, says: Gen. Burnside telegraphs that the disaster referred to occurred at Rogersville, Hawkins county, Tennessee. This place is the terminus of the branch of the East Tennessee and Virginia railroad, and is about fifteen miles from Knoxville, Gen. Burnside also states that the rebels captured six hundred men and four cannon: oe does not mention the number of killed and wounded. His main army is where it was when the attack was made on Rogersville, in an impregnable position and in good sbirits, subject to the orders of Grn. Grant, who is perfectly well satisfied with its situation.

More Currency to be Issued.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—It is rumored that Secretary Chase has decided to issue $25,000,000 legal tender currency, with a view to relieve the stringency of the loose market.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The official *Army Gazette*, says: The intimation made in several of the daily newspapers, that the Secretary of War has communicated through the Adjutant General, a modification of the order in reference to the discharge of miners from the military service by the courts, is founded in error; no such modification has been made or communicated.

The following was sent to headquarters here the day after the recent engagement:

Headquarters, Army of the Potomac, near Rappahannock Station, Va., Nov. 8—8:40 p. m.—To Maj. Gen. H. W. Halleck:—This morning, in advancing from Kelly's Ford it was found that the enemy had retired during the night. The morning was so smoky that it was impossible to ascertain at Rappahannock Station, the poition of the enemy, and it was not till the arrival of the column from Kelly's Ford, that it was definitely known that the position at Rappahannock was evacuated. The army was put in motion, and the pursuit continued by the infantry to Brandy Station, and by the cavalry beyond.

Major Gen. Sedgwick reports officially the capture of four guns, eight battle flags, and over fifteen hundred prisoners. Maj. Gen. French took over four hundred prisoners. Gen. Sedgwick's loss was about three hundred killed and wounded; Gen. French's loss was about seventy. The conduct of both officers and men in each affair was most admirable. Signed

GEO. G. MEADE Major General.

DOUBLE XX ALE AND TREBLE XX ALE for sale in quantities to suit purchasers, by JOSHUA RHODES, oc12 Duquesne Way.

FINE BRANDY.—26 cases Cognac, "Otard, Dupuy & Co." brand. In store and for sale by [oc1] MILLER & RICKETSON.

EDWARD FOERSTER.....CHAS. F. SCHWARZ.
NEW STORE.
FOERSTER & SCHWARZ,
No. 164 Smithfield st., between Sixth and 7th,
Would most respectfully call the attention of the public in general to their extensive assortment of WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES, FANCY GOODS and TOYS. no9:1y-e-o-d

FAVORITE SUMMER RESORT FOR SALE OR TO RENT.
The Broad Top Mountain House,
Broad Top City, Huntingdon county, Penna.

This celebrated Hotel, situated on the top of Broad Top Mountain, one of the finest locations in the State for pure air, grand mountain scenery and fine water, is offered for sale at a great bargain, or to rent to an enterprising tenant.

The house is crowded every season, and presents an opportunity of making money in the hands of a business man, seldom to be met with. It is furnished throughout with elegant furniture from Philadelphia. It is a very substantial stone building, three stories, and basement 44 by 64 feet, with kitchen 17 by 27 feet; ice house, carriage house, stables and other out buildings; a pleasure garden, and ample ground for vegetable gardens; there are also meadows and cultivated fields. The large coal trade of the neighborhood, and the very salubrious atmosphere of Broad Top City, will ever fill the house with visitors during the summer months. For terms, &c. apply to HENRY D. MOORE,
President of the Broad Top Improvement Company, 228 Walnut street, Philadelphia.
oc22:taw-f-6-w

VIERHELLER'S
OYSTER DEPOT.
Select Family Oysters received daily, wholesale and retail,
NOS. 71 AND 73 FIFTH ST.,
Under Miner's Bookstore.
oct30 H. VIERHELLER.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
We have this day associated with us, in the GLASS business, A. U. HOWARD.
JOHN A. WOLFE,
T. CAMPBELL.
Pittsburgh, Nov. 2, 1863. no3:2w

STORE TO LET, in Allegheny, on FEDERAL street, above the Market House. Inquire at the St. Lawrence Hotel.
no3:1m JAMES McDONALD.

THE FAIRY SEWING MACHINE,

For Mrs. Chas. S. Stratton, (Mrs. General Tom Thumb,)
MANUFACTURED BY
WHEELER & WILSON
Sewing Machine Co.,
Office: 27 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

This LILLIPUTIAN SEWING MACHINE which attracted so much attention at the late Fair at the American Institute, is richly gilt, plated, and pearled. The balance-wheel, handwheel, shafts, etc., are heavily plated. Though of *petite* dimensions, the Machine is suited to practical work, and is furnished with drawers and all the appliances ordinarily sent with the Machine.

The body of the case is 20 inches high and 15 inches deep, made of richly-carved rose-wood, inlaid with elaborate and beautiful arabesques in pearl and gold, and lined with satinwood. The panels are painted with tasteful devices.

Cupid and Psyche smile upon you from the cover; rosy little Cherubs with dimpled chins and wings outspread—as the old masters loved to paint them—hover on the sides: the little bride herself, attired as the "Goddess of Liberty," is faithfully portrayed on one panel, and General Tom Thumb, as "Young America," is gorgeous on another; while a mimic representation of the little bridal party, with their attendants, and their flowing white bridal garments, gives significance to the whole.

Messrs. WHEELER & WILSON carried off their accustomed honors at the Fair; the

HIGHEST PREMIUM
for the best
DOUBLE-THREADED SEWING MACHINE; BEING

THE PITTSBURGH DAILY COMMERCIAL: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1863.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

The Episcopalians in Erie have decided to erect a new church in that city. It is to be built of stone, and cost about $35,000.

Dan Rice, the popular clown and horse-tamer, is in the city, in attendance at the United States Circuit Court as a witness.

The citizens of Conneautville, Crawford county, are about organizing a National Bank under the act of Congress of February 25th, 1863.

Capture of Rebel Officers.—Two rebels, one a Major, and the other a Lieutenant, were captured on the South Mountain, near Chambersburg, on Sunday.

Pittsburghers Absent.—Among the list of arrivals at the Philadelphia hotels on Monday were the following Pittsburghers: Mrs. Ayres, Joseph Kirkpatrick, M. Connally, R. G. Sutton, E. Megraw, James Herdman, J. A. Mazurie, Charles Harrison.

Prize Party.—A prize party will come off at Lafayette Hall, on Thanksgiving evening, 26th inst., when jewelry will be distributed to the best dancer, best waltzer, and to the gentleman who takes to the party the largest number of ladies. The party promises to be an entertaining one.

Arrangements are nearly completed for commencing operations on the Meadville Water Works. A large fountain is to be constructed on the stream which flows through the Greendale Cemetery Grounds, the stream is very clear, strong and unfailing, and it is estimated will furnish an abundance of pure water for the use of the town.

Broke his Leg.—Yesterday afternoon, as a man by the name of Stoney, superintendent of the Fair grounds, was riding his horse through one of the gates leading into the Union Stock Yards, in the Ninth ward, the animal slipped and fell, breaking Mr. Stoney's leg. He was carried into a house close by, and a physician summoned, who re-set the broken limb.

The Vigilant Soiree.—The members of the Vigilant Steam Fire Engine Company will give their annual assembly on Thursday evening, December 10th, at Concert Hall. Judging from past experience we would say that the soiree will be one of the most agreeable affairs of the kind that has taken place this season. The votaries of Terpsichore will please take notice.

Physical Exemption.—The Provost Marshal General has published an amended schedule, reducing the number of diseases and infirmities which will disqualify drafted men for military service from fifty to forty-one specifications. The effect of this order will compel many men in future drafts to perform military duty who have heretofore been exempted for trifling physical disabilities.

Elected Organist.—We are pleased to announce that Mr. Charles C. Mellor has been chosen organist of the First Presbyterian Church of this city. Mr. Mellor is a thorough musician and affable gentleman, and his appointment will give great satisfaction to all interested. The new organ will be finished in a few days, when a public exhibition of its qualities will be given.

Death of Soldiers.—The following deaths of soldiers in Washington have been reported by Captain Hartz: William A. Fay, 12th Pa.; John C. Delaney, 56th Pa.; Andrew Smith, 112th Pa.; William E. Gregory, 90th Pa.; Peter Tyler, 16th Pa. Cavalry; Chris. Boston, 143d Pa.; Ellis G. Smith, 17th Pa. Cavalry; Avery Tille, 143d Pa.; Emanuel Edel, 13th Pa. Cavalry; W. J. Davis, 18th Pa. Cavalry; Lewis H. Irvin, 133th Pa.; Valentine Boyer, 113d Pa.

Mail Robbery.—A boy named Lehman, seventeen years old, employed in carrying mails between the postoffice in Williamsport and the railroad depot, was arrested in that place on Saturday evening last, charged with purloining letters from the office and rifling them of their contents, and held to bail in the sum of one thousand dollars for his appearance at the next session of the United States Court to be held there.

Hamill Challenged.—William Stevens, of Poughkeepsie, who lately defeated Gil. Ward, brother of Joshua, has challenged either James Hamill, the champion, or Jos. Bash, of this city, to row him a five mile race, for $500 a side, over the same course the late championship matches at Poughkeepsie, to take place in one month, stipulating for a fair day and smooth water. We have no doubt that Mr. Stevens will be accommodated by Mr. Bash.

Dr. Paige's Lectures.—Dr. Paige will lecture this afternoon, at three o'clock, in the Town Hall, Birmingham, exclusively to the ladies, and in the evening, at the same place, to gentlemen only. The subject of the lecture is "Electricity as applied to Medical Science." As these lectures are free, the Doctor should have crowded audiences, and we have no doubt he will. We can assure those who attend that they will never regret it.

Among the many enterprising business houses of the city, none is more worthy of notice than that of Wm. Fleming, 139 Wood street, whose stock of Hats, Caps and Ladies' Furs, stands unrivalled. The display of elegant Furs is really beautiful, while the Hat and Cap department contains the most select and choice styles in the market. Persons of all tastes, even the most fastidious, can be suited by calling at Fleming's Hat, Cap and Fur Emporium, 139 Wood street.

More Deaths in Knap's Battery.—From private letters from Knap's battery we regret to announce the death of Corporal J. P. Stuart, of Allegheny, and private Wm. Warden, of Sewickley, Pa., from wounds received at Wauhatchie, Tennessee, on the 2d inst. Corporal Stuart was shot in the check, injuring the tongue and palate. He was a brave and patriotic man, and a true soldier. His remains will be brought home for interment. Wm. Warden was shot through both thighs—the same bullet passing through his horse's back. He resided in Sewickley, and was formerly a member of the 28th Pennsylvania Volunteers. All the remaining wounded of the battery are doing well; and will likely recover. Lieut. McGill took command of the battery on the 5th inst., having fully recovered from his late illness.

Recruiting During the Month of October.—The following report shows the number of volunteers mustered into the United States service in this State during October:—

Nineteenth Pennsylvania cavalry	110
One hundred and forty-seventh Pa. Vols.	10
One hundred and fifty-second Pa. Artillery	5
Sixth Regt. United States Colored Troops	7
Eighth Regt. United States Colored Troops	54
For old regiments	25
Total	207

Of the above, the number from the districts named below were as follows:—

First District	25	Fourteenth Dist.	6
Second District	27	Fifteenth Dist.	4
Third District	19	Sixteenth Dist.	12
Fourth District	38	Seventeenth Dist.	1
Fifth District	7	Eighteenth Dist.	8
Sixth District	8	Twenty-first Dist.	2
Eighth District	3	Twenty-second Dist	5
Ninth District	5	Twenty-third Dist.	5
Tenth District	1	Twenty-fourth Dist.	1
Eleventh District	10		
Thirteenth District	1	Total	184

Central Board of Education.

The Central Board of Education met on Tuesday evening, Nov. 10th, 1863. Present, Messrs. Brush, Harrison, Lowe, Marshall, M'Auley, Sergeant and Singerly.

Mr. Marshall was appointed President *protem.* The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Petitions signed by all the teachers in the Ward Schools, asking that their salaries be increased, also communications from the 3d and 4th Ward School Boards, stating that their respective representatives were absent from the city, and recommending that the salaries paid teachers be increased.

On motion, the communications were received and filed.

Mr. Sergeant then presented the following paper:

To the Central Board of Education of Pittsburgh

Gentlemen: At a meeting of the Principals of the Public Schools of Pittsburgh, held in the Fourth Ward School, on Wednesday afternoon, November 4th, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Central Board of Education be requested to advance the salaries of the Teachers of the Public Schools to the following amounts, commencing on the 1st inst., namely:

Principal	$1,000	per annum.
Teachers of Grammar Dep't.	400	" "
" Intermediate,	350	" "
" Primary	300	" "
Principal 2d street School, 8th Ward	650	" "
Principal Colored School	800	" "
Assistant	300	" "
Music Teachers	100	per ward.

Resolved, That Messrs. Meeds, Libby and Burtt be a committee to prepare and present a petition to the Central Board, requesting the salaries to be raised to the amounts named in the above resolution.

A. BURTT, Chairman.

JOHN J. TAGGART, Secretary.

In connection with the above, the following petition was read:

We, the undersigned Teachers of the Public Schools of the city of Pittsburgh, respectfully ask that our salaries be increased to the amount specified in the resolution passed at the meeting of the Principals held on the 4th inst. (signed by all the Teachers.)

The above petition was received and ordered to be filed.

Mr. Harrison moved that a committee of three be appointed to petition the Legislature for authority to levy a tax of five mills, being an increase of one mill over the limit now established by law, which was decided in the affirmative, as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Brush, Harrison, Lowe, Sergeant and Singerly—5

Nays—Messrs. Marshall and McAuley. Committee—Messrs. Harrison, Brush and Sergeant.

The monthly report of the Principal of the High School was read and ordered to be filed.

The monthly report of the Principal of the Colored School was read and ordered to be filed.

The monthly report of the Secretary, showing an enumerated attendance at the Ward School, is as follows:

	Gram.	Interm.	Prim.	Total.
First Ward	83	91	257	431
Second "	69	82	180	331
Third "	94	120	404	628
Fourth "	88	77	139	304
Fifth "	137	154	323	614
Sixth "	84	169	406	659
Seventh "	61	47	267	375
Eighth "	86	138	365	589
Ninth "	74	141	311	526
	776	1029	2852	4457

Read and ordered to be received and filed.

Warrants were authorized in payment of the following bills, viz:

John Hanlin, benches for Colored School	$16 75
Morning Post, advertising	5 00
A. A. Anderson & Sons, printing	2 00
F. Pease, cash paid for lime wells	2 50

On motion, adjourned

"Daily Commercial" Job Printing Office.—Orders for every style of Book and Job printing promptly and neatly executed, from a visiting card up to a mammoth poster. The most rapid and improved steam presses are used in the execution of the work.

THE TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Pennsylvania Central

Departs.		Arrives.	
Thro Acm'n.	4:50 a m	Balto Exp's.	11:50 p m
Thro Mail	2:50 a m	Phila do	12:20 p m
Thro Exp'ss.	3:50 p m	Fast Line	12:30 a m
Fast Line	8:25 p m	Thro Mail	12:20 a m
Joh'n Acm'n.	2:45 p m	Joh'n Acm'n	10:05 a m
1st Wall stn	6:30 a m	1st Wall stn	6:25 a m
2d do	11:20 a m	2d do	8:35 a m
3d do	4:00 p m	3d do	1:40 p m
4th do	6:10 p m	4th do	6:05 p m

The Church Train leaves Wall's station (on Sunday) at 9:05 a m; returns at 12:4[illegible] p m.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Fast Line	1:00 a m	Chicago Ex	2:25 a m
Express	12:40 p m	Phila. do	3:25 p m
Mail Train	7:00 a m	Cin'ti do	7:50 p m
All'ce Ac'm	2:30 p m	Crest'e Mail	7:05 p m

The New Brighton Accommodation leaves Allegheny Station at 9:15 a m, 12:00 and 4:45 p m and 6:10 p m.

Returning, leaves New Brighton station at 6:50 a m, 8:15 a m, 2:30 p m, and 7:0[illegible] p m.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Mail	7:55 a m	Mail	6:00 p m
Express	3:40 p m	Express	9:30 a m
1st M'Keesp't.	11:00 a m	1st M'Keesp't.	6:50 p m
2d do	6:15 p m	2d do	2:05 p m
Port Perry	7:00 a m	Port Perry	8:30 a m
Braddock's	4:15 p m	Braddock	5:40 p m

The Sunday Train to and from M'Keesport leaves at 1:00 p m, and arrives at 2:00 a m.

Allegheny Valley

Departs.		Arrives.	
Mail	7:00 a m	Mail	7:00 p m
Express	3:00 p m	Express	9:35 a m
Accom'n	4:00 p m	Accom'n	8:10 a m

Cleveland and Pittsburgh.

Departs.		Arrives.	
For Cin'ti	1:00 a m	Returning Trains arrive at the same hours as those on the Pittsburgh and Fort Wayne Railway.	
do	12:40 p m		
For Whee'g	1:00 a m		
do	6:00 a m		
do	12:40 p m		
For Clev'l'd	1:00 a m		
do	12:40 p m		

☞ The Excelsior Omnibus Company run Omnibuses and Carriages to wait on the passengers arriving in trains from the East, and Southward to Wilmington.

...stores and ammunition.

Marriage of Senator Sprague

The marriage between Senator Sprague, of Rhode Island, and Miss Kate Chase will be performed to-night. Fifty guests are bidden to the ceremony, and five hundred to the reception. The bridesmaids are Miss Chase, Miss Sherman, niece of the Secretary, and Miss Nichols, niece of Governor Sprague. The groomsmen are Major H. Baldwin, of General Stahel's staff, Captain Haven, of General McDowall's staff, and Captain Ives, Captain of the Potomac flotilla.

The weather is very pleasant. Nothing from the South.

NEW YORK, November 11.—A special to the *Times* says:—It is positively ascertained that the whole of the rebel infantry force crossed the Rapidan on Sunday last. The only force left on this side are reconnoitering bands of Stuart's cavalry covering the rebel front on the north bank of the Rapidan, which they are forced to do with care. The intention of the rebels is to endeavor to...the coming winter between the Rapidan and Rapidan, is established by the fact that from Brandy Station to the Rapidan log huts, capable of accommodating 50,000 men, have been erected.

Our advance of Saturday effected one of the objects in the preservation of twenty-four miles of road and telegraph between the Rappahannock and Rapidan. Both are in perfect working order.

The railroad bridge across the Rappahannock will be done next Monday.

Lee's army at Gordonsville, exclusive of cavalry, does not much exceed 30,000 men.

Our cavalry in force is already far south of the Rapidan, reconnoitering the enemy's position.

Two divisions of cavalry from Lee's army were recently sent to East Tennessee.

Guerrillas swarm about our camps, beyond our pickets is death, as we daily hear of officers, men and mules. Within a week about 70 wagons, 500 mules, 100 soldiers, commissioned officers and enlisted men have been captured.

The forces sent to operate against Burnside in East Tennessee have been recalled, and will form a junction with the main army at Culpepper or Gordonsville. This will depend entirely upon the rapidity of Gen. Meade's movements.

Citizens in the vicinity of Stevensburg report that the enemy's force engaged on this side was double ours in number and that the latter treat was disgraceful as usual. The rebel losses are doubled on the line of the Rapidan.

A dispatch from the Army of the Potomac to the *Herald*, dated Nov. 11th, says: I understand that Gen. Meade, having driven the enemy to the south side of the Rapidan, has accomplished his mission, but he will be ready to move further as soon as the railroad will make a base of supplies within reaching distance. In fact quiet reigns throughout the camps, and a call for sutler's stores and more blankets.

A ridiculous rumor is in circulation to the effect that 5,000 rebel soldiers of Lee's army had voluntarily come into our lines and laid down their arms and gave themselves up. The military authorities pronounce it to be utterly without foundation. To-day a number of Paroles were started for the front to pay off the last released prisoners, to attack and destroy, if possible, Sandusky, Buffalo and other prominent cities on the shores of Lake Erie. Active and energetic precautionary measures have been taken by the gover. ment to render Johnson's Island secure against an attack, should one be made. Troops and batteries have been ordered to that point from several points in this State yesterday and to-day.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 12.—Nothing of special interest was done in the Legislature yesterday.

The Governor's message relates almost entirely to State matters. It recommends a appointment to be recognized by the State Government, since immigration to the State from all countries. It says there is now no military organization within our borders hostile to the government of the United States; that the every indication that the former feeling of hostility has settled down into quiet acquiescence in the supremacy of the government.

Returns of the recent election in this State, so far as heard from, give a Radical majority of two hundred and ninety-five, including the soldier's vote. The *Republican's* footing up, including the soldiers' vote, gives the Conservatives a majority of three.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—There are now in 2,000 rebel officers on Johnson's Island, and eighty officers recently captured by Meade on their way there.

Several days ago there were suspicious indications that the rebels on the Island contemplated an effort to escape, but the authorities here had quietly taken precautions to prevent it, including ordering a gunboat there; therefore the prisoners could not leave the Island if they attempted. Whatever...

Legal Intelligence.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.—Before Judges Grier and McCandless.

TUESDAY, Nov. 11, 1863.

The jury in the case of Wm. Dilworth, jr., against Elisha Boomer, for infringement of a patent right in a planing machine, found a verdict for plaintiff for $962 88.

The application of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad for an injunction against the stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, referred to yesterday, came up for argument. D. Ritchie, Esq., appeared for the applicants, and Geo. P. Hamilton and James Veech for the defendants. After a brief argument on both sides, the Court granted the injunction.

James Patterson vs. Elihu Evans; action of ejectment for a tract of land in Beaver county. In this case the jury found for plaintiff in the sum of 6¼ cents and costs.

The next case taken up was that of Daniel McLaren and Frank Farwell vs. Rody Patterson; action to recover the value of eight horses, seized by the defendant when he was Sheriff as the property of Dan Rice. This case, it will be remembered, was tried some years ago before Judge McCandless, when the plaintiffs obtained a verdict of upwards of $1,300. The defendant moved for a new trial, which he obtained, and the case came up in the Circuit Court yesterday. Since the previous trial, Mr. Farwell, one of the plaintiffs, has died. On trial.

SUPREME COURT.—Present, Chief Justice Lowrie, and Judges Woodward, Thompson, Strong and Read.

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 11.

Morris and others vs. Stephens and wife. Greene. Argued.

Morris' Appeal. Greene. Argued.

Grim's Executor's Appeal. Washington. Argued.

Gordon's Appeal. Washington. Argued.

Barnes' Appeal, Greene. Argued.

Washington Township School District vs. Swallen. Greene. Submitted.

Court adjourned to meet at nine o'clock Thursday morning.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER—Before Judges Sterrett, Mellon, Stowe and Brown.

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 11, 1863.

The trial of James Stapleton, indicted for the murder of Mary Burke alias McKee, was resumed. Several witnesses were examined for the defence, who testified to the number of drinks of liquor they had seen defendant take the day of the homicide, and in the aggregate they amounted to about forty-five.

Margaret Marks, who boarded at Mrs. Dougherty's, where Stapleton was lodging, testified that he was very drunk on the night of the murder. She stated that when the officers went up to arrest Stapleton, she went with them; that she discovered the pistol lying on the floor near the bed, and stood over it until the officer left, when she secreted it. She produced the weapon in Court.

The testimony here closed, and on the opening of the Court in the afternoon, M. Swartzwelder, Esq., commenced his argument to the jury on behalf of the defence. Mr. Marshall succeeded for the defence, and made an able argument on the application of the law to the evidence in the case. District Attorney Kirkpatrick, for the Commonwealth, closed the argument to the jury in a very forcible and impressive address on the law and the evidence. At the conclusion of Mr. Kirkpatrick's argument, the Court adjourned until nine o'clock, this morning, when Judge Sterrett will charge the jury.

Vocal Music.—H. D. Brecht, teacher of Singing and Cultivation of the Voice, 126 Smithfield street,

FINANCE AND TRADE.

For additional commercial news see fourth page.

THE sales of Copper Stock at the Boston Stock Exchange Board, last Monday, were somewhat brisk, and prices were firm at the following figures:—

Central	$56 00	National	83 00
Copper Falls	27 75	North Cliff	7 50
Franklin	52 75	North Western	10 00
Great Western	4 50	Pewabic	63 50
Isle Royal	28 50	Pittsburgh	80 00
Minnesota	73 00	Toltec	4 50

The above list comprises those in which our capitalists are most interested.

The sales of 5-20's by Joshua Hanna, Esq., the Government agent for this locality, foots up the large sum of $947000. This amount has been realized from sales made since our last report, two weeks ago.

Railroad shares in New York on Tuesday, opened considerably lower, in consequence of the continued pressure to sell for cash, which has been attributed by the combination of the bears with certain leading institutions, to disturb the loans on stocks, and thus force weak holders to sell at a sacrifice. Towards the close of the morning session a better feeling was developed.

BANK NOTE LIST.

CORRECTED FOR THE COMMERCIAL BY J. W. KENNEDY, OF "KENNEDY'S BANK REVIEW."

Bankable Funds or Notes at Par—85 and Upwards.

New York City Banks.	Delaware Banks.
Baltimore City Banks.	Canada Banks.*
U.S. Legal Tender Not's	Ohio
Indiana State Bank.	Kentucky

PENNSYLVANIA—PITTSBURGH BANKS

Allegheny Bank.	Iron City Bank.
Bank of Pittsburgh.*	Mechanics Bank.
Citizens Bank.	Merchants' and Manufacturers' Bank.
Exchange Bank.	

PENNSYLVANIA—COUNTRY BANKS.

Allentown Bank.	Easton Bank.
Bank of Beaver Co.*	Farmers' Bank, Bucks County.
Bank of Catasauqua.	Farmers' Bank of Lancaster.
Bank of Chester Co.	Mauch Chunk Bank.
Bank of Danville.	Miners' Bank, Pottsville.
Bank of Delaware Co.,	Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, Easton.
Bank of Fayette Co.,* Uniontown.	Monongahela Bank,* Brownsville.
Bank of Germantown.	Union Bank, Reading.
Bank of Montgomery Co.	
Bank of Phoenixville.	
Boylestown Bank.	

NEW JERSEY BANKS.

Bordentown Banking Company.	Mechanics' Bank.
Burlington Bank.	Millville Bank.
Burlington County B'k	Mount Holly Bank.
Cumberland Bank.	Princeton Bank.
Farmers' Bank.	Salem Banking Co.
Farmers and Mechanics' Bank.	State Bank, Camden.
Gloucester Co. Bank.	State Bank, N. B.
Lambertville Bank.	State Bank, Newark.
Mechanics' Bank of Burlington.	Trenton Banking Co.
	Union Bank, Frenchtown.

*Denotes Specie Paying Banks.

Currency, or Unbankable Funds.

Maine	½	Indiana Stock Bks	½
Vermont	½	Michigan	1
New Hampshire	½	Iowa	1
Massachusetts	½	Maryland Country Banks	1½
Rhode Island	½	Virginia, Wheeling	2
Connecticut	½	Missouri	2@20
New York Country Banks	½	Illinois	2@60
New Jersey	½	Wisconsin	2@60
Pennsylvania	½		

☞ Alabama, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Tennessee, New Orleans and Eastern Virginia Bank Notes are unsaleable.

The following is the course of the shipments of gold and silver from San Francisco for the past three years, from the 1st of January to the 1st of October of each year:

To	1861.	1862.	1863.
New York	$25,842,316	$19,469,177	$7,982,026
England	2,570,133	7,586,069	24,295,854
China	2,738,453	1,960,239	2,635,573
Panama	263,858	341,025	1,414,196
Miscellan'us.	26,244	282,403	268,103
Totals	$30,552,004	$29,639,813	$33,589,052

It will be noticed that England gains this year more than New York falls off. The practical effect is, that New York is supplied with $13,700,000 additional exchange on Europe, while falling short of direct receipts of gold from California to the extent of $11,500,000.

Pittsburgh Drug Market.

Our principal houses are doing a heavy trade. A recent decision of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue requires the affixing of a one cent proprietary stamp to every box of "Concentrated Lye," and as this article is an item of importance, and one that was supposed to come under the head of "Taxes on Manufacturers," dealers will do well to note the fact.

All articles on which the labels set forth any special proprietorship or secret in their preparation require a Government stamp. Although the formula for any preparation may be published, (as in the case of "Godfrey's Cordial," "British Oil," &c., &c.,) yet that does not exempt it from stamp duty, unless such publication is expressly set forth on the wrapper or label, or all proprietorship distinctly ignored. This decision has an important bearing on the wording of the labels on such articles as Shoe Blacking, Inks, &c., as for instance "Black Ink, prepared by Arnold & Co.," would not require a stamp, but "Arnold's Black Ink" must have a stamp affixed. Also, every package of perfumery or articles for the toilet, pomades, powders, &c., require a stamp, whether proprietorship is claimed or not, as well as all proprietary articles and foreign perfumery are subject to the same tax.

We annex below the prices of a few leading articles of Drugs, to which we invite the attention of buyers:

Alum, in bbls, ₱ lb	4	@	5
Allspice in bags ₱ lb	24	@	27
Arsenic in kegs ₱ lb	4½	@	6
Citric acid in kegs ₱ lb	85		
Oxalic acid in casks ₱ lb	40		
Assafoetide in cases ₱ lb	30	@	65
Balsam Copaiba in kegs and cans	90	@	98
Bay Rum in puncheons ₱ gal	1 40	@	1 60
Borax, refined, in bbls	31	@	33
Brimstone ₱ lb	4¾		
Blue Vitriol ₱ lb	16		
Camphor, refined ₱ lb	1 [illegible]		
Cantharides ₱ lb	1 50	@	1 68
Cassia, in mats, ₱ lb	50	@	52
Chamomiles, Roman, in casks, ₱ lb	20	@	35
do German do	30	@	45
Concentrated Lye ₱ case	7 50	@	8 00
Cloves ₱ lb	50	@	53
Cream Tartar, in bbls, ₱ lb	50	@	65
Cubebs ₱ lb	70		
Emery Flour, in kegs, ₱ lb	9	@	10
do Corn, do	9	@	12
Gum Arabic, white, ₱ lb	40	@	55
do sorts,	30	@	40
Gum Tragacanth, white, ₱ lb	90	@	1 00
do sorts,	40	@	50
Indigo, ₱ lb	1 25	@	1 75
Madder, ₱ lb	14	@	18
Oil, Anise, ₱ lb	2 50	@	3 50
" Bergamot, ₱ lb	4 00	@	6 50
" Caraway, ₱ lb	3 00	@	5 00
Castor Oil, American, in bbls, ₱ gall	2 00	@	2 20
" " East India, in cases, ₱ gall	2 28	@	2 35
Cod Liver Oil, in bbls, ₱ gall	1 50	@	2 50
Oil, Lemon, ₱ lb	3 00	@	4 75
Lard Oil, ₱ gall	88	@	96
Linseed Oil, ₱ gall	1 35	@	1 40
Lubricating Oil, ₱ gall	20	@	70
Neatsfoot Oil, ₱ gall	80	@	1 00
Olive Oil, in bbls, ₱ gall	2 00	@	2 50
" in cases, ₱ doz	5 00	@	9 00
Palm Oil, ₱ lb	12½	@	15
Sperm Oil, ₱ gall	2 50	@	3 00
Tanners' Oil, bank, ₱ gall			1 25
" straits, ₱ gall			1 35
Whale Oil, ₱ gall	1 20	@	1 45
Opium, ₱ lb	10 75	@	11 50
Potassa Chlorate, ₱ lb	50	@	60
Potassa Prussiate, ₱ lb	40	@	45
Potassa Bichromate, ₱ lb	28	@	30
Quinine, ₱ lb			3 00
Quicksilver, ₱ lb	99	@	1 20
Root Ipecal, ₱ lb	4 50	@	5 00
Root Jalap, ₱ lb	2 25	@	2 50
Root Rhubarb, ₱ lb	1 25	@	9 00
Root Sarsaparilla, ₱ lb	40	@	70
Root Senega, ₱ lb	1 10	@	1 20
Root Spigelia, ₱ lb			2 00
Root Ginger, E. J., ₱ lb	28	@	30
Root Ginger, Jamaica, ₱ lb	45	@	50
Sal Epsom, in bbls, ₱ lb	4	@	4¼
Sal Nitre, refined, in kegs, ₱ lb	12½	@	20
Sal Soda, in casks, ₱ lb			4
Seed, canary, in bgs, ₱ bush	5 00	@	5 50
Seed, hemp, in bags, ₱ bush	3 75	@	4 25
Soda Caustic, Eng., ₱ lb	8½	@	9
Soda Bi Carb, Eng., ₱ lb	7	@	8
Soap, castile, ₱ lb	20	@	22
" white, ₱ lb	30	@	32
Starch, ₱ lb	5	@	7
Sugar Lead, white, ₱ lb	25	@	30
Sulphur, sublimed, ₱ lb	5½	@	6
Rosin, ₱ bbl	48 00	@	55 00
Turpentine Spirits, in bbls, ₱ gall	3 20	@	3 40

GLASS AND GLASS-WARE.—Window glass remains at list prices, net.

Flasks are one dollar per gross higher; vails, bottles and other glass-ware have advanced 10 ₱ cent during the week.

Flint glass, table glass-ware, Apothecaries shop furniture, &c., were advanced 10 ₱ cent on the 6th inst.

PITTSBURGH OIL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL, Thursday, Nov. 12, 1863.

The market yesterday was not very active; buyers and sellers being apart in their views. The stock in this market is not large; we notice, however, that the receipts are on the increase. The nominal rates for crude without the packages, were 15@16c, and with the packages, five cents per gallon more. Refined, small sales of Free at 50c; bonded, 40@41c. The Exports, since our last, were to New York, Reindeer, 53; Tar Creek to Philadelphia, Refined, 216; Crude, 819; Naptha, 100 bbls.; total, 1,344 bbls. The amount of shipments west were 815 bbls.; Imports, during the same period, per A. V. R. Road, 432, consisting of Refined and Tar per Allegheny River; Crude, 105; Refined, 129 bbls.

Crude—The market was inactive; we note sales of 175 bbls, without packages, at $1 59; 200 bbls, do, packages included, 21c.

Refined—Sales of 120 bbls. of Free Oil at 50c per gallon. Sales of small lots of bonded at 40c.

If you want shell, can or bucket oysters set up in every style, call at the "Rush House," Families can be supplied by the can or hundred can. They are received daily by express. Give the "Rush House" a call. It is the place where you can get meals at all hours, and you will always find John, Davy and Felix ready to attend all your wants.

A WILD flower show was one of the novelties of London this fall.

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL, Thursday, November 12.

Business yesterday was not very active; buyers in most instances were shy and took hold quite sparingly. Prices of every description of produce rule very high. The weather was cool and pleasant. Our rivers rose a few inches since our last; we have four feet six inches by the pier marks. The steamer Capt. John Brickell will leave to-day for Cincinnati, and the Le Claire for Parkersburg. The rates of Flour per railroad have advanced to $1 ₱ bbl., these being the winter rates. Among the sales were the following:

APPLES—The market contains a good supply. There was a moderate amount of transactions; sales 200 bbls at prices ranging from $2 75@3 25 ₱ bbl.

CHEESE—The market was without any special change, with regular sales from store of 13c@13½c for W. R. and 14c for Hamburg; the receipts being about equal to the demand.

HAY was firm with plenty of buyers, the supply not being sufficient to meet the present demand. Sales of 32 loads at the scales at 83@90 ₱ ton.

BUTTER—Market very firm with buyers for all good roll that was offered at 23@25c. Sales of packed at 17@18c.

FLOUR—The market yesterday was very quiet; buyers manifested but little disposition to operate. The only business that was transacted being in a small way, in lots to meet the wants of the local trade from store. We note sales of Extra, 150 bbls at $6 60@6 75 ₱ bbl. Extra Family, sale of 200 bbls at $6 50@6 75. Some very choice lots were sold above those figures. Sales of lots from Wagon were made at a variety of prices as to quality.

SALT—Prices have advanced. Sales of 100 bbls on the platform at $2 65 ₱ barrel.

MESS PORK—The market contains but a limited supply. Small sales were made at $16 ₱ barrel.

GRAIN—The market remains very firm, but not active, for the best of reasons—the amount to operate with being very limited. The receipts appear to have fallen off. Every description of grain is in great request. The rates here are as follows: Wheat, Red $1,25, White $1,30@$1,35, with small sales from wagons at these figures. Oats were in good request; sales on the track at 73@75c, and from store at the usual advance. Barley in active request; sales of Spring at $1,30; Fall $1,50 per bushel. Rye, none offering. Corn, wanted at $1,10 per bushel.

SEEDS—New dull and prices being nominal; Clover, $6 00@6 25; Timothy, nothing doing; Flax, $2 50@2 62½ bush.

GROCERIES—Market very firm at full rates; Sugar was inquired for with sales as follows: 10 hhds Orleans at 14½c; 12 hhds Cuba prime at 13c; Granulated, sales of 10 bbls at 17½@17½c; "A" Coffee is held at 16c; "B" Coffee at 16½c; Refined Yellow at 13½c. Molasses—Sales 200 bbls Orleans at 64c. Syrups—Sales of Golden at 65c, and Loverings at 85c. Coffee—Sales of 40 sacks Rio at 33½@34c.

RIVER MATTERS.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF STEAMBOATS.

ARRIVED.

Franklin	Bennett	Brownsville.
Gallatin	Clarke	Brownsville.
Jas. Reese	Peebles	Elizabeth.

DEPARTED.

Gallatin	Clarke	Brownsville.
Franklin	Bennett	Brownsville.
Jas. Reese	Peebles	Elizabeth.

THE RIVER.—Last evening at twilight there were four feet six inches of water, and rising slowly. The weather was pleasant.

CAPT. W. S. EVANS has sold the pretty little steamer Key West No. 4 to a Cincinnati company for $18,000.

HO FOR WHEELING AND PARKERSBURG.—The fine light draught passenger steamer Le Clair, Capt. Kelley, leaves this day for Wheeling and Parkersburg. Passengers and shippers will bear this in mind. This boat has fine accomodations, and is in charge of clever and obliging officers.

THE new and splendid passenger steamer Capt. John Brickell, in charge of that prince of good fellows, capt. J. H. Maratta, leaves this day for Cincinnati. She is entirely new, and is one of the best steamers afloat, Captain Maratta being quite a favorite with passengers and shippers. The first clerk is our old friend John R. Lakin, a clever and attentive officer. Our best wishes attend the boat and officers.

Hops.

From an article in the *Mark Lane Express*, on hop culture, statistics, &c., we extract the following:

In regard to delicacy of flavor, brightness of color, and perfection of curing, English hops maintain their well-merited high reputation over all other growths, notwithstanding the foreign supply is pretty liberal. We are still the largest producers, although a few other countries are now running us closely.

Hops are grown in the Netherlands, Denmark, and Greece, but of very inferior quality. Belgium grows largely; but the Belgium hops are usually badly picked, with too much stalk and green leaves, and have a smell of smoke from bad curing. There are, however, exceptional samples, which indicate that with proper care, the value of Belgium hops might be greatly enhanced in the London market. In strength, or amount of lupuline, the hops from Bavaria and Bohemia can hardly be surpassed, while, for the most part their curing is excellent. The supplies from other German States (often represented as Bavarian) are generally of fair moderate strength of flavor, but too often badly cured and picked, with too many green leaves.

In France, within the last quarter of a century, considerable attention has been given to the culture of the hop, especially in La Franche-Comte Alsace: the departments Du Nord, L

The Daily Commercial.

COMMERCIAL.

CHICAGO HOG MARKET.—The receipts yesterday were not large and with a good demand, the yards were well cleaned out at Saturday's closing prices. The quotations are $4 40@4 75 for good fat hogs averaging 250lbs and upwards; $4 25@4 87½ for an average of 220 to 240 lbs; light hogs in good condition $3 50@4 00. Sales were: 66 hogs averaging 194 lbs, at $4 20; 394 hogs averaging 224 lbs, at $4 57½; 197 hogs averaging 221 lbs, at $4 25; 114 hogs averaging 221 lbs, at $4 35; 113 hogs averaging 214 lbs, at $4 20; 94 hogs averaging 222 lbs, at $4 25.

CINCINNATI HOG MARKET.—The Cool weather has given more tone to the Hog market. Averages of 200 lbs. were readily sold at 86, and a small advance on this figure was obtained in some instances. Packers are loth to take hold at these prices, but are not encouraged to look for any advantages until the rush becomes greater, and indications favored the prospect of an advance rather than a decline. Even now there appears to be an under-current sustained by the operations of outside operators that is not revealing the true state of the market on its surface.

SAINT LOUIS NAIL MARKET.—Prices since our last quotation have advanced 12½c for keg all round. The market is firm, and if any change takes place, it will very likely be an advance. Business has been quite active during the week, and market closed on Saturday with upward tendency. Prices since last quotations have changed as follows:

12d to 60d nails at $5; 10d nails fence and brads at $5; 8d nails at $5 25; 6d nails at $5 50; 5d nails at $5 75; 4d nails $5 75; 3d nails at $6 50; barrel nails at $7; 10d casing nails at $5 50; 8d do nails at $5 75; 6d do nails at $6; 3 to 6 inch cut spikes at $5 25.

CHICAGO IRON MARKET.—The demand continues active and the market rules firm at full prices for all descriptions. Sheet, Hoop, and Horse Shoe Iron are still in limited supply and active demand, and prices very firm. Cast Steel is firm. We continue to quote:

Flat Bar	5½@ 5½c
Flat Bar, Charcoal	7½@ 7½c
Horse Shoe Iron	6½@ 7½c
Sheet Iron, common	8 @ 8½c
Sheet Iron, Charcoal	8½@ 9½c
Norway Nail Rods	11 @12½c
Plow Steel	11 @15 c
Round and Square	5½@ 8 c
Round and Square, Charcoal	7 @10 c
Cast Steel	25 @28 c
Spring Steel	11 @12 c

Providence Market—Nov. 9.

Printing Cloths—At the present price of Cotton, 64x64 7 yards to the pound, will cost 17¾c. Manufacturers will stop their mills after working up the Cotton they have on hand, unless Cotton should fall or goods advance. The stock of Print Cloths is very light. The Printers have but few Gray Cloths on hand. Market closes with a stronger feeling. Goods have advanced during the week full ¼c. The following are the sales: 2,000 pieces 56x60, 14c, 4,000 do 60x64, 15½c, light, 20,000 do 60x64, 16c, light, 5,000 do 60x64, 15½c, 4,000 do 60x64, 16¼c, 4,000 do 64x64, 16c, light, 3,000 do 64x64, 16¼c, 5,000 do 64x64, 16¾c, 5,00 do 64x64, 17c, heavy, 5,000 do 64x64, 17c, heavy. Total, 57,000 pieces.—*Providence Journal.*

Chicago Market.

Flour—Sales spring extras were 500 bbls Como, F & L choice at $5 42½; 200 Coles' extra at $5 50; 100 Cedar Falls at $5 65; 200 XXX at $5 45; 295 Forest at $4 90; 100 superfine at $4 25; 100 Linn county at $8 45; 80 Eagle at $3 80; sales winter extras were 160 Fagin's O. K. at $7 00; 100 Star at $7 27.

Wheat—Sales of 1,800 bush rejected spring at F & T at 99c; 1,500 on north side at $1 00; 26,400 bush No. 2 spring at $1 04½; 34,600 at $1 04½; 6,400 at $1 05; 7,000 at M & S at $2 05½; 2,900 bush No. 1 spring at $1 08; 14,600 at $1 08½; 36,600 at $1 09; 4,300 at M & S at $1 09½; 300 bags poor spring on track at 96c.

Corn—Sales of 2,100 bush No. 1 at 84½c; 3,000 at 84c; 3,000 at 83c; 1,550 No. 2 at 84c; 7,000 at 83c; 4,000 at 82c; 9,600 No. 1 afloat at 84c; 7,500 at 84½c; 2,500 No. 1 in store at 85c.

Barley—Sales of 400 bus No 1 on track at 1 30; 3000 No 2 in store at 1 17½; 3000 at 1 17; 1200 at 1 16½; 400 at 1 16; 3000 rejected at 1 05; 26 bags by sample on track at 1 30.

Oats—Sales of 13,400 bus No 1 at 64½c; 88,600 do at 63½c; 25,400 do at 63½c; 29,500 do at 64; 3000 bus No 2 at 62c; 4400 do at 62½c; 3500 bus No 1 afloat at 64½c; 3000 No 2 in store at 61½c.

Rye—Sales of 1500 bus No 1 in store at 92½c; 3000 do at 93c; 800 do fresh receipts at 94c; 1200 bus No 2 at 90c.

Highwines—Sales of 300 bbls in lots at 34c; 150 bbls at 34c; 50 at 34c.

Baltimore Market.

Coffee.—Rio continues firm under a fair inquiry. Arrived to-day, bark "Leighton," from Rio, with 3,650 bags.

Flour and Meal.—Sales reported on Change embraced 300 bbls good Ohio Extra at $7 37½, and 3,500 bbls shipping brands City Mills Extra at $8 25 ₱ bbl. Government contracts for some 20,000 bbls Flour were awarded late in the day, the particulars of which have not yet been made public. Prices of all grades closed firm at quotations, viz: Ohio Superfine at $6 25a6 37½, Howard street do at $6 37½a6 50; Ohio Extra at $7 37½, Howard street do at $7 37½a7 50, and shipping brands City Mills do at $8 25a8 50 ₱ bbl. Rye Flour is scarce and commands from the trade $7 12½a7 25 ₱ bbl. Corn Meal is quiet and nominal at $5 12½a5 25 ₱ bbl.

Grain—Receipts at the Corn Exchange were liberal, viz: 30,000 bush Wheat 5,000 do Corn, and 5,000 do Oats. Wheat was in demand particularly the higher grades. Prime to very choice Southern white sold at $2 05a2 13, good do at $1 98a2 03, fair do at $1 90a1 95, common to ordinary do at $1 75a1 85, very good to strictly choice Kentucky white at $2 00a2 08, very choice Southern red at $1 75, prime do at $1 68a1 70, very fair to good do at $1 58a1 65, and damaged and common do at $1 48a1 53 per bushel. Corn sold slowly, old white bringing $1 01a1 06, as to condition, and yellow do $1 03a1 05. New crop was heavy at 96a98c ₱ bushel. Oats, in consequence of the reduced stock, ruled firmer; fair to prime Maryland sold at 65a70c measure, and Pennsylvania at 82@84c weight. The small lots of Rye at market commanded quick sales at $1 35a1 36 ₱ bushel.

Molasses and Sugars—Sales embraced 164 hhds Cuba, and 63 hhds Porto Rico at 12½cts and 25 hhds Cuba at 12½ cts ₱ lb, 4 months, all taken for refining. Both articles closed firm at former prices.

Whisky—Sales of 100 bbls of Ohio (14 hoop pkgs) at 61c, and 100 bbls prime do at 62c per gallon. Market firm at the close.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

The arrivals and sales of Beef Cattle at Philadelphia Avenue Drove Yard continue large, reaching about 2,900 head this week. The market is more active, and prices of extra cattle are rather better. First quality Western and Pennsylvania Steers are selling at 10a10½c, good ditto at 9c9½c, fair at 8a8½c, and common at from 7a7½c ₱ lb, according to quality. The market closed firm within the above range of prices.

Cows.—About 125 head sold at the Avenue Drove Yard at from $25 up to $45 ₱ head.

Sheep—There is a fair demand, with sales of 5,000 head at from 4½a5½c ₱ lb, gross, as to quality.

Hogs.—3,400 head sold this week at the different yards at from $6,50a8,75 the 100 lbs, net, as to quality.

The Cattle on sale to-day are from the following States:

1,050 head from Pennsylvania, 900 head from Ohio, 775 head from Illinois, 80 head from Maryland.

COWS AND CALVES—The arrivals and sales of cows at Phillips' Avenue Drove Yard reach about 125 head this week, selling at from $25a30 for springers, and $25a45 per head for cow and calf. There is a fair demand at these rates. Old, poor cows are selling at $15a17 per head, as to quality. Calves—about 40 head sold at the Avenue Drove Yard at from 4½a5½ ₱ lb as to weight and condition.

SHEEP MARKET—The arrival and sales of sheep at Phillips' Avenue Drove Yard reach about 5,000 head this week. There is a good demand, and prices are about the same as last quoted. Fat sheep selling at from 4½a5½c ₱ lb gross, as to condition; a few extra are reported at a higher figure. Stock sheep are selling at from $2 50a3 50 ₱ head, and lambs at $2 50a4, as to quality.

The Hog Market—The arrivals and sales of hogs at the Union Avenue and Rising Sun Drove Yards reach about 3,500 head this week; the market is firm at from $6,50 @8,75 ₱ cwt. net; 2,200 head sold at Henry Glass' Union Drove Yard, at from $7@8 ₱ cwt, net; 920 head sold at the Avenue Drove Yard, at from $6,50@8,75 ₱ cwt, net; 200 head sold at Phillips' & Muth's Rising Sun Drove Yard, at from $7@8, as to quality.

LETTERS from Dr. Livingston, the well-known African explorer, dated Murchison Cataracts, interior of Africa, April 25th, announces the death of Mr. Richard Thornton, geologist of the expedition, of fever.

Wood in Nashville is selling at $12 per cord, with the prospect of paying $20 for the same quality soon.

INSURANCE.

DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY.
Fire and Marine Insurance.
Office No. 95 WATER street, Pittsburgh.
se10:1y P. A. MADERIA, Agent.

CITIZEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH. Office, corner Market and Water streets, second floor.
WM. BAGALEY, President.
SAMUEL REA, Secretary.
Insures Steamboats and Cargoes.
Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Sea.
Insures against loss and damage by fire.

DIRECTORS:

WM. BAGALEY,	S. M. KIER,
JAS. PARK, Jr.,	JOHN SHIPTON,
W. G. JOHNSTON,	JAS. M. COOPER,
R. F. JONES,	S. HARBAUGH,
REESE OWENS,	J. CALDWELL, Jr.,
Hon. T. M. HOWE,	JOHN S. DILWORTH,
BARCLAY PRESTON,	GEORGE BINGHAM.

MONONGAHELA INSURANCE COMPANY, of Pittsburgh.
Office: No. 98 Water street, up stairs.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

DIRECTORS:

JAS. A. HUTCHISON,	ROBERT DALZELL,
WM. B. HOLMES,	JOHN ATWELL,
HON. JAS. CAMPBELL,	SAML. ROBISON,
WM. A. CALDWELL,	RICHARD HAYS,
WILLIAM REA,	WILLIAM MEANS,
WILSON MILLER,	JAMES WOODBURN,
GEORGE A. BERRY,	W. M. EDGAR,
	R. WALLACE.

JAMES A. HUTCHISON, President.
H. E. DAVIS, Secretary. se8:6m

PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY, OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, N. E. cor. Wood and Fifth Streets, Second Floor.
Insures Against Loss or Damage by Fire
On DWELLINGS, STORES, and OTHER BUILDINGS; FURNITURE, HOUSEHOLD GOODS, and STOCKS OF MERCHANDISE.
Insures MARINE and INLAND RISKS on STEAMBOATS AND FREIGHT
At as LIBERAL RATES as are consistent with security.
Losses PROMPTLY ADJUSTED and PAID.

DIRECTORS:

WM. PHILLIPS,	SAML. P. SHRIVER,
JOHN WATT,	CAPT. J. L. RHODES,
JOHN E. PARKE,	WM. VANKIRK,
CHAS. S. BISSELL,	JAS. D. VERNER,
GEO. B. JONES,	C. HANSON LOVE,
WM. E. HAYS,	DANL. WALLACE.

WM. PHILLIPS, Pres't.
JOHN WATT, Vice Pres't.
se7 WM. F. GARDNER, Sec'y.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH. Office, No. 57 Fifth street, Bank Block.
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
ISAAC JONES, President,
JOHN D. McCORD, Vice President.
D. M. BOOK, Secretary.
Capt. WM. DEAN, General Agent.

DIRECTORS:

ISAAC JONES,	JOHN D. McCORD,
C. G. HUSSEY,	Capt. ADAM JACOBS,
HARVEY CHILDS,	R. B. STERLING,
Capt. R. C. GRAY,	Capt. WM. DEAN,
JOHN IRWIN,	H. L. McGREW,
B. L. FAHNESTOCK,	ROBT. H. DAVIS.

FIRE INSURANCE.
Ro. C. LOOMIS, Agent,
No. 59 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH,
FOR THE
HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEW YORK.
Assets, July 1st, 1863.....$2,007,530 91.
PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.,
Assets.....$545,896 46.
SPRINGFIELD FIRE INS. CO.,
OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS.,
Assets.....$107,079 30.
PROVIDENCE WASHINGTON INS. CO.,
OF PROVIDENCE, R. I.
Assets.....$355,967 39.
POLICIES ISSUED
For either of the above Companies.
se7

PRINTING.

W. S. HAVEN
PLAIN & FANCY JOB PRINTER,
Paper Dealer and Stationer,
Corner Wood and Third Streets,
PITTSBURGH.
Book Binding, of all Styles,
From the Plain Paper to the Highly Ornamental and Rich Gilt or Antique Style.
se7

HARDWARE.

B. WOLF, JR., Successor to Wolff & Lane, Importer and Dealer in
HARDWARE,
Corner of LIBERTY and ST. CLAIR streets, se7 PITTSBURGH.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

WM. STEINACHER,
DEALER IN
CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c.,
se21:1y No. 56 Market st., Pittsburgh.

HAVING GREATER FACILITIES than any other DENTAL ESTABLISHMENT in the West, every style of
ARTIFICIAL TEETH
CAN BE INSERTED AT LOWER PRICES
And of BETTER QUALITY than can be procured elsewhere.
A FULL SETT ON VULCANITE
with plain Teeth, for
FIVE DOLLARS.
A FULL SETT ON VOLCANITE
with Gum Teeth, for
TEN TO TWELVE DOLLARS.
which I will guarantee to be superior to any made in the city. Call and examine my specimens and you will be convinced.
☞ All work warranted. Satisfaction guaranteed in every case.
☞ Old Gold Plates purchased at their full value.
Teeth extracted without pain by a safe and pleasant process.
Dr. J. SCOTT has entire charge of the Operative Department.
QUINCY A. SCOTT,
oc7 Dentist, 278 Penn street.

THE AMERICAN WINE CO.,
OF PENNSYLVANIA,
(Under the Act approved 18th July, 1863.)
ON COMMISSION AND STORAGE.
Wholesale and Retail Dealing in Wines.
☞ Producers are respectfully requested to leave their samples at No. 6 Wood street.
oc10:1y R. L. ALLEN, Agent.

OFFICE OF THE
ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY,
Odd Fellows Building, Fifth Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
se7 GEO. BINGHAM, Agent

BONNETS.—Bonnets, young Ladies' Hats, Dress Caps, Plumes, Flowers, Ribbons, all of the latest style, at
C. & A. STROUSE'S,
oc13:1y 29 Diamond alley.

FINANCIAL.

N. HOLMES & SONS,
DEALERS IN
FOREIGN and DOMESTIC
BILLS OF EXCHANGE,
CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT
BANK NOTES AND SPECIE,
No. 57 MARKET STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞ COLLECTIONS made on all the principal cities throughout the United States. se7

GOLD, SILVER,
PITTSBURGH & FORT WAYNE,
AND
PITTSBURGH AND CLEVELAND
Railroad Stocks, Bought at Highest Rates, by
JAMES O'CONNOR,
Office, Bagaley's Building, cor. MARKET and WATER streets. se7

FARMERS' DEPOSIT BANKING CO.
BANK OF DEPOSIT AND DISCOUNT,
Par and Current Funds Received on Deposit.
THE UNDERSIGNED STOCKHOLDERS are individually responsible to depositors to the whole extent of their private means:

JAMES MARSHALL,	WILLIAM YOUNG,
JOHN SCOTT,	JACOB PAINTER,
WILLIAM WALKER,	WILLIAM CARR,
SAMUEL GEORGE,	S. B. ROBISON,
THOMAS MELLON,	THOMAS SCOTT,
ROBERT BELL,	JOSEPH LOVE,
JOHN M'DEVITT,	D. A. STEWART,
JOHN FLOYD,	D. R. GALWAY,
HAY WALKUP,	W. W. M'GREGOR,
	JOHN S. DILWORTH.

JAMES MARSHALL, President.
R. A. GEORGE, Cashier.

GERMAN TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK.
Corner of Sixth and Wood Sts.
BANK OF DISCOUNT, DEPOSIT AND EXCHANGE.
REPRESENTED CAPITAL, $2,000,000.
Stockholders individually liable to the extent of their private means.
Gold, Silver and Currency bought at best market rates.
Drafts on Germany and other foreign countries, and on all the principal cities in the United States bought and sold.
Collections made on all accessable points and proceeds promptly remitted at current rates of exchange.
Deposits received and interest allowed upon time deposits as per agreement.
Banks, Bankers, Business Firms and others doing business with us will find their orders promptly executed, and their interest at all times carefully consulted.
Bank open from 9 o'clock a. m. to 3 p. m.
GEO. A. ENDLY, Cashier.
A. HOEVELER, President. se21

THE FIRST
NATIONAL BANK
OF PITTSBURGH, PA.
(LATE PITTSBURGH TRUST COMPANY.)
Capital, $400,000, with privilege to Increase to $1,000,000.
The Pittsburgh Trust Company having organized under the act to provide a National Currency, under the title of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, would respectfully offer its services for the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c.; receive money on deposit, and buy and sell Exchange on all parts of the country.
The success which has attended the Pittsburgh Trust Company since its organization in 1852, will, we believe, be a sufficient guarantee that business entrusted to the new organization will receive the same prompt attention.
Having a very extensive correspondence with Banks and Bankers throughout the country, we believe we can offer unusual facilities to those who do business with us.
The business will be conducted by the same officers and directors.

DIRECTORS:

JAMES LAUGHLIN,	ALEX. SPEER,
ROBERT S. DAVIS,	F. J. KUHN,
THOMAS BELL,	ALEX. BRADLEY,
THOS. WIGHTMAN,	SAMUEL REA,
	WM. K. NIMICK,
	JAMES LAUGHLIN, Pres't.
se7	JOHN D. SCULLY, Cash'r.

DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 110 SMITHFIELD street, (opposite the Custom House).
Chartered by the Legislature.

OFFICERS:
President—JAMES PARK, Jr.,
VICE-PRESIDENTS.

WM. H. SMITH,	C. F. RUDD,
JOHN F. JENNINGS,	A. REINEMAN,
THOS. D. MESSLER,	JOSHUA RHODES,
THOS. S. BLAIR,	JACOB STUCKRATH,
FRANCIS SELLERS,	ALEX. BRADLEY,
HENRY LLOYD,	ALFRED BLACK.

TRUSTEES:

JOSIAH KING,	C. W. RICKETSON,
A. S. BELL,	S. H. HARTMAN,
S. S. FOWLER,	R. J. ANDERSON,
J. W. WOODWELL,	D. McKINLEY,
F. RAHM,	C. H. WOLFF,
J. M. TIERNAN,	R. D. COCHRAN,
D. M. LONG,	Wm. SMITH,
JAS. W. BAXTER,	G. B. JONES,
C. ZUG,	B. F. JONES,
JOS. DILWORTH,	W. H. PHELPS,
W. A. REED,	C. B. HERRON,
R. C. SCHMERTZ,	W. HUSSEY,
	D. E. McKINLEY,

Secretary and Treasurer.
Open daily, from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m. Also, TUESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 6 to 8 o'clock.
Deposits received of ONE DIME and upwards.
Dividends declared in December and June of each year.
Dividends allowed to remain are placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bear interest, thus compounding it.
Books containing Charter, By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
☞ This institution offers, especially to those persons whose earnings are small, the opportunity to accumulate, by small deposits, easily saved, a sum which will be a resource when needed, their money not only being safe, but bearing interest, instead of remaining unproductive. se7

COTTON FACTORIES.

KING & PENNOCK,
Manufacturers of EAGLE and NIAGARA
SHEETINGS,
COTTON YARN, TWINE, WICK, BATTING, &c. &c.
Warehouse, No. 29 WOOD Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA. se16

BANNER COTTON MILLS,
PARK, PAINTER & CO.,
Warehouse No. 149 FIRST and 120 SECOND streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
4-4 Brown Sheeting, Carpet Chain of all colors, Candlewick, Batting and Twine.
se9

PORK PACKERS.

F. SELLERS.....R. OWENS.....C. A. R. BENNEY.
F. SELLERS & CO.,
PORK PACKERS,
Curers of Extra Sugar Cured Hams,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
LARD OIL,
No. 354 Penn street,
Opposite Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Depot,
oc15:1m PITTSBURGH, Pa.

STEAM DENTAL ESTABLISHMENT. The Largest in the West is
Dr. G. W. SPENCER'S,
254 PENN STREET,
The place where you will get the best and cheapest Dentristy in the city. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine the largest assortment of Teeth ever brought to the city of Pittsburgh, thus enabling patients to make their own selections. Remember, I make no Four or Five Dollar Sets of Teeth. I make nothing but the best ARTIFICIAL TEETH in the world, and at a price within the reach of everybody.
Every operation warranted comfortable and to render good service.
Teeth extracted without pain by the only known process.
Call at No. 254 PENN STREET, and select a set of Teeth that suit your taste, and have them mounted and warranted to please and give perfect satisfaction.
N. B.—A new Book of 150 pages, entitled the FAMILY GUIDE, on the Care and Preservation of the Teeth, by G. W. SPENCER, beautifully illustrated, is in press, and will shortly appear. Price, FIFTY CENTS.
FRANK CASE, Book and Periodical Depot, se7 Chronicle Building, General Agent.

H. P. ADAMS & SON,
Oil Barrel Coopers,
SALEM, OHIO.
oc21:3m

NEW BOILER WORKS.
J. J. POWERS
Attends to the manufacture of Steam Boilers, Stills, Tanks, Agitators, Salt Pans, Sugar Pans, Sheet Iron Chimneys, Breechings, and all other articles usually manufactured at similar concerns.
Prompt attention paid to all kinds of repairs on reasonable terms.
Works corner of LOCUST and DUQUESNE WAY, Fifth Ward, Allegheny river. oc27:tf

NO. MOLASSES—100 bbls. (fresh and reboiled). In store and for sale by
oct MILLER & RICKETSON.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN FLACK,
STEAMBOAT AGENT,
Office second story No. 90 WATER street,
se9 Pittsburgh.

H. C. MACKRELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
No. 114 FIFTH street, Pittsburgh. se8:1y

JAMES IRWIN,
Manufacturer of
OIL OF VITRIOL AND AQUA AMMONIA.
Orders left at John Porterfield and Co.'s office, corner of Market and First street, will receive prompt attention. se8

E. S. MORROW,
ALDERMAN AND CONVEYANCER,
N. E. CORNER FIFTH AND GRANT.
se9

ANDREW HUMBERT,
ALDERMAN
AND
POLICE MAGISTRATE,
No. 77 THIRD street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Indentures, Liens, and Articles of Agreement, accurately executed. se7

WM. PICKERSGILL & CO.,
LOOKING GLASS MANUFACTURERS,
No. 48 WOOD Street, between Third and Fourth, Pittsburgh, Pa. se7

T. T. MYLER,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
FANCY AND STAPLE
NOTIONS.
NO. 62 WOOD ST., CORNER OF FOURTH.
se7 Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOHN P. ROBITZER,
ARTIST,
No. 54 FOURTH STREET, PITTSBURGH.
The best and cheapest PHOTOGRAPHIC OIL PAINTINGS executed to order. se22:3m

SCHAUB & M'DONALD'S
SASH AND DOOR FACTORY.
ANDERSON street, near Hand street Bridge,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
Flooring Boards, Sash, Doors, Frames, Venetian Blinds, Mouldings and Panel Shutters made to order and constantly on hand. (se30:1y

SAMUEL REYNOLDS.....ROBERT B. TOWNSEND.
UNION MALLEABLE IRON WORKS.
REYNOLDS & TOWNSEND,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
SADDLERY HARDWARE,
AND
MALLEABLE IRON CASTINGS,
NUTS for Iron Axles, and CASTINGS for Agricultural Machinery, &c., &c, made to order.
Warehouse: 181 Liberty street,
five doors above St. Clair street,
se18:2m PITTSBURGH.

CHRIST. LAPPE.
KEYSTONE TANNERY,
Corner of Chestnut and O'Hara streets,
se28:6m ALLEGHENY CITY.

PATTERSON'S BAZAAR
LIVERY AND SALE STABLES.
W. S. JACKSON,
117 Fourth St., Near Smithfield,
ies PITTSBURGH, PA.

BROWN, MORROW & CO.,
House, Sign and Ornamental Painters, Grainers and Glaziers,
No. 91 Third street,
se16 PITTSBURGH, PA.

J. REICHENBACH,
MANUFACTURER OF
ARTIFICIAL ARMS AND LEGS.
The lightest leg known weighs 4½ pounds,—mine is reduced to 2¾ pounds.
I have always on hand a stock of
TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS
and all articles in my line.
Those in need of such articles should not forget to call at
No. 58 Fourth street,
se21:1y PITTSBURGH.

A. G. NEUBERT,
MANUFACTURER OF
ARTIFICIAL ARMS AND LEGS.
Also, all kinds of
Trusses, Supporters & Shoulder Braces
Machines for Deformities of every description made to order. TRUSSES carefully repaired.
☞ Ladies attended by Mrs. NEUBERT.
169 Smithfield street,
se18:1y PITTSBURGH.

PIANOS.
H. KLEBER & BRO.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR
STEINWAY & SON'S PIANOS,
CARHART & NEEDHAM'S
MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS,
Music and Musical Merchandise of Every Description.
No. 53 FIFTH Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
se7

PIANOS.—The subscriber has just returned from Boston and New York, and he has the pleasure to announce that he has selected from the factories of Chickering & Sons, Jardine & Son, Hazelton Bros., W. P. Emerson, and others, a splendid assortment of
PIANOS,
embracing all styles of finish, from plain to extra carved. These instruments will arrive during this and the coming week, and the attention of purchasers is respectfully solicited to them. Priced to suit all.
CHAS. C. MELLOR,
no11 81 Wood street.

DECKER'S PIANOS.—In speaking of Carl Anshutz's Concerts, in New York, the editor of the *Musical Review and World* makes the following remarks:
"The instruments used on this occasion were of a comparatively new firm, of the name of DECKER & BROTHERS, and gave very gratifying evidence of excellent workmanship, and powerful and brilliant tone. Decker's Pianos are undoubtedly the best manufactured now in this country."
Sole Agents for Pittsburgh,
J. M. HOFFMAN & BRO.,
oc31 No. 51 Fifth street.

N. SIEDLE & BRO.,
DEALERS IN SCEBBLER & SMITH'S
Pianos, Musical Instruments, Strings, &c.,
No. 183 Smithfield street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ Pianos tuned, and Musical Instruments repaired. no4:2m

DRY GOODS.
J. A. WILSON.....J. W. CARR.....D. M'CANDLESS.
WILSON, CARR & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Payne & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
No. 94 Wood street,
Third house above Diamond alley,
se25 PITTSBURGH.

NEW GOODS, NEW GOODS.
JUST OPENING, OUR FALL AND WINTER STOCK. Having completed our improvements, we would call the attention of our customers and the public, to our stock at the Old Stand, No. 98 MARKET STREET, between Fifth street and the Diamond.
oc8 H. J. LYNCH.

NEW AND SEASONABLE
DRY GOODS.
M. MENTZER.
No. 94 Market street,
Has just received an elegant stock of the most
Improved Seasonable Dry Goods,
including
SILKS, DELAINES, MERINOS,
and all the most fashionable goods in the market. Also, a large supply of
DOMESTICS
and
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.
oc22:3m

SPARKLING MOSELLE—50 cases in store and for sale by
oc1 MILLER & RICKETSON.

BARBER'S SOAP.—Only 25 cents per cake, or $2 50 per doz. Try it. For sale by
oc12 B. C. & J. H. SAWYER.

MEDICAL.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED
STOMACH
BITTERS.
HEAR THE WITNESSES.
WORTHLESS and pernicious articles are so often bolstered up in the advertising columns of the press by fabricated letters that the proprietors of
HOSTETTER'S BITTTERS
Rarely give quotations from their business correspondence, lest the GENUINE OPINIONS of those who use and appreciate a GENUINE ARTICLE, should be confounded by the unthinking with the FULSOME RIGMAROLE put into the mouths of MEN OF STRAW by unscrupulous empirics and charlatans, whose double object is to SELL both their trash and the PUBLIC.
Believing, however, that FACTS IMPORTANT TO THE HEALTH AND COMFORT OF THE PUBLIC, and which can be VERIFIED AT ANY MOMENT by addressing the parties who vouch for them, ought not to be hid under a bushel, the undersigned publish below a few communications of recent date, to which they invite the attention of the people, and at the same time ESPECIALLY REQUEST all readers who may feel interested in the subject to ADDRESS THE INDIVIDUALS THEMSELVES, and ascertain the correctness of the particulars.
It may be thought, perhaps, that a preparation like HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, which has long been a STANDARD TONIC throughout the WESTERN HEMISPHERE, and is rapidly becoming a staple of trade at the antipodes, speaks for itself in stronger terms than private eulogium can speak for it. This is true; but the phases of disease are almost innumerable, and every day new instances of the success of the Bitters, either as a PREVENTIVE or a CURE, come to the knowledge of the proprietors through the mails. Some of these are of immediate interest to thousands placed in precisely the same circumstances as the parties who have been PROTECTED and RELIEVED, and therefore it seems almost an act of duty to put them on record.
The immense increase in the sale of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, both at home and abroad, during the past year proves that the world, while it obeys the Scriptural injunction to "try all things," only "HOLDS FAST to that which is GOOD." Spurious preparations, like poisonous fungi, are continually springing up, but their character is soon discovered, and they are "flung like worthless weeds away." On the other hand, a great antidote that performs all it promises, and even more than its proprietors claimed for it on its introduction, is "not for a day, but for all time."
Every dose administered of a useless or deleterious nostrum helps to disabuse the public mind of the impressions it may have received from the flourish of trumpets with which the deceptious article was announced; while, on the contrary, every bottle sold of a purely valuable medicine secures the permanent custom of the purchaser, and makes him an ADVERTISER OF ITS MERITS among his friends. It is thus that HOSTETTER'S BITTERS have obtained their unparalled popularity. The Press, indeed, has made the GREAT STOMACHIC widely known, but it is the uniformly successful results of PERSONAL EXPERIMENT that have rendered it a HOUSEHOLD MEDICINE through out the length and breadth of the land, and the main reliance of the TRAVELER, the VOYAGER, the MINER and the PIONEER.
During the Summer months, a pure, wholesome tonic, in which are also incorporated the properties of an anti-bilious and mild aperient agents, is especially needed. Such a preparation is HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, the surest preventative and cure of dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, and nervous debility, ever placed within the reach of the community.
Against the depressing and sickening tendency of heat and miasma, it is a potent safeguard, and upon persons of feeble constitution and uncertain health, its renovating effects are most extraordinary.

READ REV W. B. LEE'S LETTER.
BROOKLYN, N. Y., May 28, 1863.
MESSRS. HOSTETTER & SMITH—*Gentlemen*:—I have used your Bitters during the last six weeks and feel it due to you and the public to express my hearty approval of their effect upon me. I never wrote a puff for any one, and I abhor everything that savors of quackery. But your Bitters are entirely removed from the level of the mere nostrums of the day, being parent alike to all, and exactly what they profess to be. They are not advertised to cure everything, but they are recommended to assist nature in the alleviation and the ultimate healing of the most common infirmities of the body, and this they will accomplish. I had been unwell for two months, as is usual with me during the Spring. I was bilious, and suffering from indigestion and a general disease of the mucous membrane, and though compelled to keep at work in the discharge of my professional duties, was very weak, of a yellow complexion, had no appetite and was much of the time confined to my bed. When I had been taking your bitters a week my vigor returned, the sallow complexion was all gone, I relished my food, and now I enjoy the duties of mental application, which so recently were so very irksome and burdensome to me. When I used your bitters I felt a change every day. These are facts. All inference must be made by each individual for himself.
Yours respectfully,
W. B. LEE,
Pastor of Green avenue Presbyterian Church.

READ E. D. E. N. SOUTHWORTH'S LETTER
PROSPECT COTTAGE,
GEORGETOWN, D. C., April 2, 1863.
MESSRS. HOSTETTER & SMITH—*Gentlemen*: It gives me pleasure to add my testimonial to those of others in favor of your excellent preparation. Several years of residence on the banks of a Southern river, and of close application to literary work, had so thoroughly exhausted my nervous system and undermined my health, that I had become a martyr to dyspepsia, and nervous headaches recurring at short intervals, and defying all known remedies in the Materia Medica, I had come to the conclusion that nothing but a total change of residence and pursuits would restore my health, when a friend recommended Hostetter's Bitters. I procured a bottle as an experiment. It required but one bottle to convince me that I had found at last the right combination of remedies. The relief afforded me has been complete. It is now some years since I first tried Hostetter's bitters, and it is but just to say that I have found the preparation all that it claims to be. It is a standard family cordial with us; and even as a stimulant, we like it better than anything else; but we use it in all nervous, bilious and dyspeptic cases from fever down to toothache. If what I have now said will lead any dyspeptic or nervous invalid to a sure remedy, I shall have done some good.
I remain, gentlemen, respectfully yours,
E. D. E. N. SOUTHWORTH.

READ JOHN W. BRONOUGH'S LETTER.
NAVY DEPARTMENT,
Bureau of Yards and Docks, Dec. 30, 1862.
Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa.:
Gentlemen: About four years since, my attention was called to your celebrated Stomach Bitters, I being at the time a perfect martyr to dyspepsia in all of its terrific forms; indeed, I had not known for six years an uninterrupted night's sleep. I commenced the use of your Bitters, taking them according to your directions, except that the dose was reduced to one-half, and found myself much, very much benefitted by the first bottle; the second relieved me entirely; but I have ever since taken a dose in the morning, immediately on rising, finding it act as a tonic and appetizer of the most agreeable character. There is a peculiarity in the effect of your Bitters on me, which it may be well to state. If from any cause, I shall be suffering never so acutely with the headache, a dose of your Bitters relieves me in fifteen minutes. In conclusion, I say with all sincerity and truth, I would not be returned to the state of health in which your Bitters found me, and from which they have unquestionably relieved me, for all the money in the world.
I am, with great respect, your obd't servant,
JOHN W. BRONOUG